

General Awareness

Q.1)

Which among the following is the largest oil company in the world by market capitalization in October 2021?

- (a) Saudi Aramco, Saudi Arabia
- (b) Exxon Mobil, US
- (c) PetroChina, China
- (d) Chevron, US
- (e) BP, UK

Q.2)

In December 2021, India and Bangladesh had announced to celebrate 'Maitri Diwas' on _____?

- (a) 15th January
- (b) 6th December
- (c) 12th February
- (d) 10th November
- (e) 20th March

Q.3)

As per the Economic Survey of 2021-22, which sector was least affected by Covid - 19 in 2021-22?

- (a) Mining
- (b) Agriculture and Allied Services
- (c) Construction
- (d) Manufacturing
- (e) Services

Q.4)

Lakshadweep, which consists of _____ islands, is a beautiful place with lush green vegetation?

- (a) 25
- (b) 43
- (c) 36
- (d) 20
- (e) 52

Q.5)

In February 2022, Sukla Mistry was appointed as the first female member on the board of _____, India's largest oil refinery?

- (a) Hindustan Petroleum Corporation Ltd
- (b) Oil and Natural Gas
- (c) Bharat Petroleum
- (d) Oil India Limited
- (e) Indian Oil Corporation

Q.6)

By which year does India aim to achieve 500 GW of non-fossil energy generation capacity in accordance with the Panchamitra targets?

- (a) 2040
- (b) 2027
- (c) 2030

- (d) 2025
- (e) 2032

Q.7)

What does 'Le' stand for in the full form of ALERTS committee, which was formed by SEBI for regulatory and technological solutions?

- (a) Leading
- (b) Litigate
- (c) Label
- (d) Landmark
- (e) Leveraging

Q.8)

Which of the following is not an Edtech company in India?

- (a) Unacademy
- (b) Vedantu
- (c) Cred
- (d) Ekeeda
- (e) Upgrad

Q.9)

Which edition of the Winter Olympics is being hosted in Beijing?

- (a) 24
- (b) 27
- (c) 32
- (d) 37
- (e) 35

Q.10)

What is India's rank in the Henley Passport Index, released in January 2022?

- (a) 101
- (b) 97
- (c) 83
- (d) 120
- (e) 67

Q.11)

Who among the following has won the Padma Vibhushan Award for the year 2021 in the Public Affairs category?

- (a) Donald Trump
- (b) Justin Trudeau
- (c) Scott Morrison
- (d) Boris Johnson
- (e) Shinzo Abe

Q.12)

Which of the following is a loss-making general insurance company in 2021?

- (a) National Insurance Company
- (b) Oriental Insurance Company Limited
- (c) New India Assurance Co. Ltd
- (d) Only I and II
- (e) Only III

Q.13)

How much extension does the Union Budget of 2022-23 provide to the startups for availing the tax incentives?

- (a) 31 August 2022 (d) 31 March 2023
(b) 30 September 2025 (e) 30 April 2022
(c) 31 December 2024

Q.14)

Senegal has proved itself as one of the strongest football teams of Africa by winning Africa Cup of Nations (AFCON) after defeating ____ in February 2022?

- (a) Namibia (d) Cameroon
(b) Algeria (e) Egypt
(c) Botswana

Q.15)

____ new airports will be established under the PM Gati Shakti plan in five states of Central India which are Uttar Pradesh, Madhya Pradesh, Rajasthan, Maharashtra, and Chhattisgarh, as announced by the Union Civil Aviation Minister in February 2022?

- (a) 15 (d) 12
(b) 16 (e) 10
(c) 20

Q.16)

'Never Scan A QR Code to Receive Payments' - a consumer awareness campaign has been launched by which of the following organization?

- (a) Reserve Bank of India
(b) Pension Fund Regulatory Development Authority
(c) National Payments Corporation of India
(d) Securities and Exchange Board of India
(e) Insurance Regulatory Development Authority of India

Q.17)

How much amount has been allocated for the hospitality sector in the Emergency Credit Line Extension Scheme in the Union Budget 2022-23?

- (a) Rs 50,000 crores (d) Rs 15,000 crores
(b) Rs 45,000 crores (e) Rs 30,000 crores
(c) Rs 20,000 crores

Q.18)

The Central Board of Direct Taxes has introduced the concept of POEM from 2017-18 assessment year to ensure the residency of a company for the purpose of tax collection. What does 'P' stand for in the abbreviation of POEM?

- (a) Placement (d) Primary
(b) Priority (e) Place
(c) Personal

Q.19)

Out of the USD 650 billion target of exports announced by the Union Minister of Commerce for 2021-22, how much

share does services sector's exports hold?

- (a) \$200 billion (d) \$100 billion
(b) \$250 billion (e) \$300 billion
(c) \$50 billion

Q.20)

MIKE campaign of Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (CITES) was launched for which animal's conservation?

- (a) Cheetah (d) Rhinoceros
(b) Tiger (e) Migratory Birds
(c) Elephants

English

Instructions for Q.21 to Q.25

Read the passage and answer the following questions:

In the Ayurvedic tradition, the coconut tree is called kalpavriksha, or a tree that fulfils all wishes. If you think about it, you realize that each and every part of the coconut is useful. It gives us refreshing water, and its flesh is packed with vitamins and minerals. The old fruit gives us oil, its outer shell is used to make artefacts, while the husk is used as compost and also stuffed into bedding.

Traditionally we know that mature coconuts (from which the oil is extracted) should be consumed in moderation. But people mostly drink coconut oil that is extracted from the mature fruit. I believe that findings from modern science must be viewed parallelly with the knowledge from our ancestors. In Ayurveda the tender (young) and middle-aged coconuts are considered the best for consumption because they are healing and nourishing for the body. Once the coconut becomes old it's heavy to digest. Old coconut is also heating (ideal for winter), while the young fruit is cooling (perfect for summer). While a mature, hard nut has its benefits, it must be consumed in small quantities. There is also no reference in Ayurveda that suggests that plain oil should be consumed. It's better to cook with coconut oil because it will enhance the quality of food, making it easy for the body to assimilate and digest it.

Coconuts are both sattvic (balanced) and alkaline. Therefore, they keep the mind calm and centred. Coconut water is cooling and is a natural diuretic, so it flushes out bacteria and therefore helps to cure urinary infections. The middle-aged coconut in particular builds up all seven dhatus in the body (plasma, blood, muscles, fat, marrow, bone, reproductive fluid).

The primary taste of coconut is sweet, and in Ayurveda this is the most soothing and nourishing taste. Coconuts increase kapha in the body; therefore, they can definitely cause weight gain if eaten in excess. However, kapha is also responsible for immunity and strength, and for giving us luminous skin and hair. So, they're ideal for those who want to increase their vitality.

Coconut is good for all seasons as it pacifies vata (dryness in winter) and pitta (heat in summer). The only rule is that just like ghee it must be eaten with warm food and drink because it is a saturated fat.

Q.21)

Which of the following options is opposite in meaning to the word 'pacifies'?

- (a) increase
- (b) heal
- (c) decrease
- (d) placate
- (e) soothe

Q.22)

Which of the following is not a benefit of coconut as per the passage?

- (a) It helps in curing urinary infections.
- (b) It increases blood in the body.
- (c) It builds antibodies to fight heart diseases.
- (d) It makes human skin radiant.
- (e) It builds immunity in human body.

Q.23)

What is the tone of the passage?

- (a) Nostalgic
- (b) Humorous
- (c) Sentimental
- (d) Informative
- (e) Pessimistic

Q.24)

Which of the following options is closest in meaning to the word 'moderation'?

- (a) unconsciously
- (b) fasting
- (c) difficulty
- (d) reasonable limits
- (e) anxiety

Q.25)

Which of the following statement is/are true?

- 1) The author completely disregards modern scientific facts.
- 2) 'Sweet' is the most nourishing taste in Ayurveda.
- 3) A coconut has many uses and hence is called kalpavriksha.

- (a) Only 1
- (b) Only 3
- (c) Only 2
- (d) Only 2 and 3
- (e) Only 1 and 3

Instruction for Q.26 to Q.27

In each of the following questions, five words are underlined and are numbered as 1,2,3,4, and 5. The positions of some highlighted words may be incorrect and need to be exchanged with another highlighted word to make the sentence correct. Find the words that need to be exchanged.

Q.26)

Efficiency in the allocative (1) of resources or allocation (2) efficiency refers to allocation of resources (3) in a manner that the resulting (4) product mix is the best possible (5) outcome.

- (a) 1-2
- (b) 2-3
- (c) 1-2 and 2-3
- (d) 1-3 and 2-4
- (e) 2-3 and 1-4

Q.27)

In an underdeveloped(1) country like India, many resources(2) are lying unused, opportunities(3) and idle due to lack of untapped(4) and incentives(5) for their utilisation.

- (a) 1-2 (d) 4-5
(b) 2-3 (e) 1-5
(c) 3-4

Instruction for Q.28 to Q.29

The underlined part in the sentences given below is grammatically incorrect. Pick out the best suitable option to correct the sentence.

Q.28)

A report by the American Academy for the Advancement of Science has concluded that much of the currently uncontrolled dioxins to which North Americans are exposed comes from the incineration of wastes.

- (a) much of the currently uncontrolled dioxins from which North Americans are exposed comes
(b) much of the currently uncontrolled dioxins that North Americans are exposed to come
(c) much of the dioxins that are currently uncontrolled and that North Americans are exposed to comes
(d) many of the dioxins that are currently uncontrolled and North Americans are exposed to come
(e) many of the currently uncontrolled dioxins to which North Americans are exposed come

Q.29)

A letter by Mark Twain, written in the same year as The Adventures of Huckleberry Finn were published, reveals that Twain provided financial assistance to one of the first Black students at Yale Law School.

- (a) A letter by Mark Twain, written in the same year as The Adventures of Huckleberry Finn were published,
(b) A letter by Mark Twain, written in the same year of publication as The Adventures of Huckleberry Finn,
(c) A letter by Mark Twain, written in the same year that The Adventures of Huckleberry Finn was published,
(d) Mark Twain wrote a letter in the same year as he published The Adventures of Huckleberry Finn that
(e) Mark Twain wrote a letter in the same year of publication as The Adventures of Huckleberry Finn that

Instruction for Q.30 to Q.31

Rearrange the following sentences 1,2,3,4,5,6, etc. in the proper sequence to form a meaningful paragraph.

Q.30)

- 1) Property deals, bullion and jewellery purchases financial market transactions rigging of markets through entities claimed to be constituted.
- 2) Of black money into the legitimate financial system through instruments such as convertible debentures.
- 3) About a third of India's black money transactions are believed to be in real estate, followed by manufacturing and shopping for gold and consumer goods.
- 4) Or the informal banking route are coming the common methods used for generating black money
- 5) Convertible debenture are instruments through which an investor exchanges the funds he had lent, into equity at later date thus making them legitimate shareholders of the company.
- 6) For non-profit motive differing tax rates in different tax jurisdictions under – invoicing are money laundering using the hawala.
- 7) Investment in hundreds of unlisted companies are the government's scrutiny are they as used to funnel thousands of crores of rupees.

Option:

- (a) 3164725 (d) 4567321
(b) 3456217 (e) 7612345
(c) 6754231

Q.31)

- 1) Financial assistance from the centre to the states for implementing planned development has been the hallmark of Indian planning and development process
- 2) India is a federation with functions and finances that are constitutionally segregated between the union and its states
- 3) The two most important institutions determining the levels of these transfers are the finance commission and The Planning Commission
- 4) Most broad-based taxes are assigned to the centre while most expenditure functions are assigned to states.
- 5) The resultant vertical imbalance necessarily has to be resolved through intergovernmental transfers.
- 6) The expenditure to revenue ratio of Indian states is higher than that of most other fiscal federations.

- (a) 543621 (d) 432561
(b) 246513 (e) 654321
(c) 345621

Q.32)

Identify the incorrect sentence or sentences:

- 1) Joe and Liza had been married for over a year.
- 2) After six months of living together, they realized that they did not agree with each other in several issues.
- 3) There was no compatibility among them.
- 4) They were advised to see a marriage counsellor.

- (a) 2 (d) 3
 (b) 1 and 2 (e) 3 and 4
 (c) 2 and 3

Instructions for Q.33 to Q.36
 Fill in the blank with the correct options.

Development administration need not be(33).... with administrative development or growth. It is by now widely(34).... that development administration is public administration with a difference. Its focus is on government – influenced change towards the(35).... of progressive social, economic and political objectives. Development as Montgomery put it “is usually(36).... as an aspect of change that is desirable, broadly predicted or planned and administered or at least influenced by governmental action.”

Q.33)

Fill in the blank?

- (a) assessed (d) involved
 (b) equated (e) evolved
 (c) conceived

Q.34)

Fill in the blank?

- (a) acknowledged (d) contributed
 (b) developed (e) isolated
 (c) assessed

Q.35)

Fill in the blank?

- (a) containment (d) output
 (b) purpose (e) attributed
 (c) attainment

Q.36)

Fill in the blank?

- (a) conceived (d) utilised
 (b) appraised (e) exploited
 (c) pointed

Instructions for Q.37 to Q.38
 In the questions given below, choose the grammatically correct option to replace the underlined part of the sentence.

Q.37)

A little under a million years ago, the briny waters of the Baltic Sea began flooding daily into the cold North Atlantic:

geologists are still debating whether the flood was gradual or created a cataclysm.

- (a) whether the flood was gradual or created a cataclysm
 (b) if the flood was gradual or created a cataclysm
 (c) about whether the flood was gradual or cataclysmic
 (d) whether the flood was gradual or cataclysmic
 (e) whether the flood was gradual or it created a cataclysm

Q.38)

A majority of the international journalists surveyed view nuclear power stations as unsafe at present but that they will, or could, be made sufficiently safe in the future.

- (a) that they will, or could,
 (b) that they would, or could,
 (c) they will be or could
 (d) think that they will be or could be
 (e) think the power stations would or could

Q.39)

Identify the incorrect sentence or sentences:

- 1) *Dubai has embraced western ways.*
- 2) *The Islamic fundamentalists are enraged over this.*
- 3) *Dubai was once a haven of gold smugglers and pearl divers.*
- 4) *It is racing to realize a vision of itself as the Singapore of the Middle East.*

- (a) 1 (d) 3
 (b) 1 and 2 (e) 3 and 4
 (c) 2 and 3

Q.40)

Identify the incorrect sentence or sentences:

- 1) *The economy of India moving up towards inflation*
- 2) *Inflationary pressures lead to the tightening of monetary policy*
- 3) *Deflation is a situation where the prices fall*
- 4) *Indian economy needs stable monetary and fiscal policy*

Options:

- (a) Only 1 (d) Only 2
 (b) Only 3 (e) Only 1 and 2
 (c) Only 2 and 3

Quantitative Aptitude

Q.41)

Find the missing term in the below series:

17, 21, 51, 169, 701, _____

- (a) 3541 (d) 3651
(b) 3641 (e) 3451
(c) 3461

Q.42)

Find the missing term in the below series:

12, _____, 545, 2729, 10919

- (a) 60 (d) 84
(b) 80 (e) 72
(c) 90

Q.43)

Speed of boat downstream is 50% more than upstream.
Total time to travel 48 km up and 36 km down is 6 hours.
What is the speed of boat downstream?

- (a) 16 (d) 15
(b) 21 (e) 12
(c) 18

Q.44)

An amount of 'P' rupees is invested in Scheme 'A' at compound interest of 20% p.a. for a period of 2 years. The amount of interest received from this invested is reinvested in another scheme 'B' for 2 years at 15% p.a. simple interest. The amount received from scheme 'B' finally after 2 years is Rs 1430. Find 'P'.

- (a) Rs 10833 (d) Rs 2700
(b) Rs 2500 (e) Rs 910
(c) Rs 3250

Q.45)

A does one half work and B does 3/4 work in the same time. Difference between number of days taken by A and B to work alone to complete the work individually is 4 days. How many days will B take?

- (a) 8 (d) 10
(b) 12 (e) 16
(c) 6

Q.46)

B invests double the money invested by A and triple the money invested by C. The ratio of period of investment between A, B and C is 1:2:3. Difference between profit received by A and C is Rs 1410. Find total profit.

- (a) Rs 5640
(b) Rs 4935
(c) Rs 9870

- (d) Rs 2820
(e) Rs 4230

Q.47)

Consider the below two equations:

$$x^2 - 13x + 36 = 0$$

$$3y^2 - 29y + 18 = 0$$

- (a) $x > y$
(b) $x < y$
(c) $x \geq y$
(d) $x \leq y$
(e) The relation between x and y can't be established

Q.48)

Consider the below two equations:

$$2x^2 - 5x - 12 = 0$$

$$y^2 - 11y + 30 = 0$$

- (a) $x > y$
(b) $x < y$
(c) $x \geq y$
(d) $x \leq y$
(e) The relation between x and y can't be established

Q.49)

Consider the below two equations:

$$3x^2 - 16x + 21 = 0$$

$$y^2 - 13y + 42 = 0$$

- (a) $x > y$
(b) $x < y$
(c) $x \geq y$
(d) $x \leq y$
(e) The relation between x and y can't be established

Instructions for Q.50 to Q.54

Study the information given below and answer the questions that follow:

The ratio of number of units manufactured of A, B and C is 5 : 6 : 7. The number of units manufactured of D is 200. The ratio of number of units sold of A, C and D is 6 : 8 : 5. The number of units sold of A is 60% of the total units manufactured of A and that of B is 50% of total units manufactured of B. 240 units of C are sold.

Q.50)

The number of units of E manufactured are 50% more than number of units manufactured of A and number of units of E sold are 25% less than the number of units sold by C. Find

the difference between the number of units manufactured of E and number of units sold of E.

- (a) 230 (d) 260
(b) 240 (e) 270
(c) 250

Q.51)

What is the ratio between number of units manufactured of A and B together and number of units sold of C and D together?

- (a) 22 : 13 (d) 18 : 31
(b) 12 : 13 (e) 11 : 6
(c) 33 : 31

Q.52)

What is the average of units manufactured of A, B and C?

- (a) 320 (d) 350
(b) 340 (e) 370
(c) 360

Q.53)

Number of units sold of B is what percentage more than number of units unsold of A?

- (a) 200% (d) 150%
(b) 100% (e) 75%
(c) 50%

Q.54)

What is the difference between number of units manufactured of C and D together and number of units sold of A and B together?

- (a) 240 (d) 250
(b) 260 (e) 230
(c) 270

Q.55)

In a mixture, the ratio of milk to water is 25:2. From this mixture, 27 litres is taken out and 35 litres of pure milk is added. Quantity of milk in final mixture is 15 times that of water. Find the initial quantity of milk.

- (a) 100 litres (d) 250 litres
(b) 150 litres (e) 50 litres
(c) 200 litres

A	200	2 : 3
B	300	3 : 2
C	420	3 : 4
D	360	5 : 7
E	280	2 : 5

Q.56)

The number of colored TVs sold in city A is what percentage of black & white TVs sold in cities B, D and E together approximately?

- (a) 29% (d) 15%
(b) 24% (e) 14%
(c) 20%

Q.57)

Find the difference between Black and White TVs sold in cities A and C together and colored TVs sold in cities B and E together?

- (a) 100 (d) 40
(b) 80 (e) 120
(c) 60

Q.58)

What is overall ratio of black and white TVs sold to colored TVs sold in all the five cities together?

- (a) 63 : 89 (d) 67 : 89
(b) 67 : 83 (e) None of the above
(c) 69 : 83

Q.59)

What is the ratio of black & white TVs sold in city D to colored TVs sold in city c?

- (a) 4 : 5 (d) 3 : 4
(b) 5 : 8 (e) 5 : 7
(c) 6 : 7

Q.60)

Total colored TVs sold in A, C and E together is what percentage of the total black & white TVs sold in B, D and E together?

- (a) 137% (d) 98%
(b) 73% (e) 110%
(c) 122%

Instructions for Q.56 to Q.60

Consider the below data regarding total number of TVs sold in different cities and ratio of black & white TVs sold to colored TVs sold in those cities:

Reasoning

Q.61)

In the number “963514728”, how many pairs of numbers have exactly the same distance between them as is there in actual whole numbers?

- | | |
|-------|-------|
| (a) 3 | (d) 6 |
| (b) 4 | (e) 7 |
| (c) 5 | |

Q.62)

Find the odd one out?

- | | |
|----------|----------|
| (a) OQRM | (d) VXYT |
| (b) GIJF | (e) JLMH |
| (c) DFGB | |

Instructions for Q.63 to Q.65

Study the information given below and answer the questions that follow:

There are an uncertain number of people standing in a row facing north. Two people stand between A and B. D stands sixth to the left of B and eighth from the extreme left end of the row. C stands fourth to the left of D. There are five people standing between C and E. F stands to the immediate left of E. The number of people standing between F and D is same as the number of people standing between E and G. H stands seventh to the right of G and third from one of the extreme ends.

Q.63)

How many people in total are standing?

- | | |
|--------|--------|
| (a) 18 | (d) 21 |
| (b) 19 | (e) 22 |
| (c) 20 | |

Q.64)

Who is third to the left of A?

- | | |
|-------|-------|
| (a) B | (d) C |
| (b) E | (e) D |
| (c) H | |

Q.65)

Who is to the immediate left of G?

- | | |
|-------|-------|
| (a) F | (d) B |
| (b) E | (e) C |
| (c) D | |

Q.66)

If it is possible to make a meaningful word from the third, fourth, fifth and tenth letters of the word “GRIEVOUSLY”, then what will be the first letter of that word? If no such word can be formed, then choose X as the answer and if more than one word can be formed, then choose Y as the answer.

(Note: The letters can be used only once.)

- | | |
|-------|-------|
| (a) L | (d) X |
| (b) E | (e) Y |
| (c) V | |

Q.67)

If CONCEPT is coded as DPOBFQU and FAILURE is coded as GBJKVSE, how will the word LIBERTY be coded?

- | | |
|-------------|-------------|
| (a) MJCDSUZ | (d) KHADQSX |
| (b) MJCFSUZ | (e) MJADQUZ |
| (c) KHAFQXS | |

Instructions for Q.68 to Q.70

Study the information given below and answer the questions that follow:

S scored higher marks than Q but lower than U.
P scored higher than S but lower than R and U.
T scored higher than R. The third lowest marks are 56. R scored 12 marks more than P.
U scored less than 69 marks.

Q.68)

As many people scored more than R as less than

- | | |
|-------|-------|
| (a) P | (d) T |
| (b) Q | (e) U |
| (c) S | |

Q.69)

If $Q + R = 111$ and $P + T = 137$, then find out $Q + T$.

- | | |
|---------|---------|
| (a) 124 | (d) 125 |
| (b) 127 | (e) 123 |
| (c) 121 | |

Q.70)

Which of the following can be the possible score of S?

- | | |
|--------|------------------|
| (a) 54 | (d) 51 |
| (b) 48 | (e) All of these |
| (c) 55 | |

Instructions for Q.71 to Q.74

Study the information given below and answer the questions that follow:

Six events take place over three months; two events in each month on the dates 9th and 13th. The three months are May, July and September.

Event A occurs on a prime numbered date and in the month with 31 days. Two events take place between A and Uttarakhand. Kerala event takes place immediately after Uttarakhand. As many events take place before C as after Kerala. One event takes place between C and Rajasthan. No event takes place between Rajasthan and E. The event E does not take place in Rajasthan. Tripura event takes place before Punjab. Event C does not happen in Tripura. Event D takes place after B but before F. One event takes place in Karnataka.

Q.71)

How many events take place after Uttarakhand?

- | | |
|-------|-------|
| (a) 0 | (d) 3 |
| (b) 1 | (e) 4 |
| (c) 2 | |

Q.72)

Find the odd one out?

- | | |
|---------------------------|----------------|
| (a) E – D | (d) A – Punjab |
| (b) Karnataka – Rajasthan | (e) B – E |
| (c) D – Tripura | |

Q.73)

Which of the following event took place on 9th July?

- | | |
|-----------------|---------------|
| (a) Rajasthan | (d) Tripura |
| (b) Uttarakhand | (e) Karnataka |
| (c) Punjab | |

Q.74)

Which of the following are correct?

- 1) Event B not in Punjab
- 2) Kerala event takes place on 13th September
- 3) C was not the first event in the year

- | | |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| (a) 1 and 3 are correct | (d) All 1, 2 and 3 are correct |
| (b) 1 and 2 are correct | (e) Only 2 is correct |
| (c) 2 and 3 are correct | |

Instructions for Q.75 to Q.78

Study the information given below and answer the questions that follow:

Eight persons named L, M, N, O, P, Q, R and S are sitting around a circular table facing the center.

Each of them likes a particular city amongst Agra, Delhi, Jaipur, Kolkata, Mumbai, Patna, Pune and Surat. No two persons like the same city.

R does not like Delhi. The one who likes Mumbai is an

immediate neighbor of N. The one who likes Delhi sits to the immediate left of M. P and L are not adjacent to each other. R, who is not an immediate neighbor of N, sits second to the left of S, who likes Mumbai. P likes Agra and sits opposite to L. O is an immediate neighbor of L. N sits second to the left of L. Q likes Pune. M likes Kolkata and sits opposite to the one who likes Jaipur. L sits two places away from M. The one who likes Kolkata sit adjacent to the one who likes Patna. O likes Delhi.

Q.75)

Who among the following likes Patna?

- | | |
|-------|-------------------------|
| (a) L | (d) S |
| (b) R | (e) Can't be determined |
| (c) N | |

Q.76)

How many people are sitting between Surat and M when counted from left of M?

- | | |
|-------|-------|
| (a) 0 | (d) 3 |
| (b) 1 | (e) 4 |
| (c) 2 | |

Q.77)

Who among the following are immediate neighbours of the person who likes Pune?

- | | |
|-------------|-------------|
| (a) L and N | (d) M and L |
| (b) L and S | (e) S and O |
| (c) S and N | |

Q.78)

N likes which city?

- | | |
|------------|-------------|
| (a) Surat | (d) Mumbai |
| (b) Patna | (e) Kolkata |
| (c) Jaipur | |

Q.79)

The Supreme Court in July 2013 struck down a particular provision of the Representation of People's Act as unconstitutional and gave a landmark judgment that MPs and MLAs will face immediate disqualification from holding the membership of the Parliament and state legislature if they are convicted in criminal cases and get punishment of two years or above.

Which of the following is the main conclusion that can be drawn from the given passage?

- (a) The Supreme Court wants to show its power to the Government of India.
- (b) The Supreme Court wants to clean the political system of the country.
- (c) The Supreme Court wants to correct the provisions of the Representation of People's Act.

- (d) The Supreme Court is acting the guardian of the Constitution to protect the Constitution of India.
- (e) None of these.

Instructions for Q.80

Study the information given below and answer the questions that follow:

In making decisions about important questions, it is desirable to be able to distinguish between “Strong” arguments and “Weak” arguments in so far as they relate to the question.

“Strong” arguments are those which are both important and directly related to the question.

“Weak” arguments are those which are of minor importance and also may not be directly related to the question or may be related to a trivial aspect of the question.

Each question below is followed by two arguments numbered 1 and 2.

You have to decide which of the argument is a strong argument and which is a weak argument.

Q.80)

Statement:

Should the Government of India supply free electricity to the farmers?

Arguments:

- 1) No. Government should not provide free electricity to anybody.
- 2) Yes. The farmers are not in a position to pay for the electricity.

- (a) If only argument 1 is strong.
- (b) If only argument 2 is strong.
- (c) If either 1 or 2 is strong.
- (d) If neither 1 nor 2 is strong.
- (e) If both 1 and 2 are strong.

=====ANSWERS=====

General Awareness

Q.1) (a)

Explanation:

This is a company-specific question. All the company-specific news released during the six months prior to the exam date are important. For covering such news, you can rely on Spotlight magazine which is tailor-made for banking exams only or you can choose newspapers or any other magazine as well. But make sure that you don't choose on multiple sources because that will land you in trouble.

Q.2) (b)

Explanation:

If you observe the pattern of SEBI, NABARD, RBI, and other banking exams, then you will notice that there are one or two questions from the 'important days' topic. This highlights the importance of covering the crucial days. Now-a-days, the examiner asks the questions from India-specific important days. Gone are the days when only international days held importance. Now, your syllabus's breadth has increased. So, you need to put more efforts to remember the days and their themes. You can create your own short notes and revise from them again and again to retain these facts for a longer period.

Q.3) (b)

Explanation:

This is a question from the Economic Survey. Budget, Economic Survey, and national reports etc. are important from the exam's perspective. You can create short notes of the facts given in these voluminous documents to remember them.

Q.4) (c)

Explanation:

This question falls under the category of static general awareness, making it imperative to include in your preparation. To tackle static general awareness, you can refer to resources like Lucent's book, Manorama's yearbook, and more. It's crucial to bear in mind that consistent revision is key to retaining a wealth of factual information.

Q.5) (e)

Explanation:

This question is from the appointments section. All the latest appointments prior to the exam are important. This question is the evidence of how high the level of difficulty is in this examination. Questions are not restricted to the news itself, rather the questions are being asked from in-depth information