

CUET UG 2023 Geography Question Paper PDF (Jun 12, 2023) (Shift 2)

Q1. Match List I with List II

	List - I Sea Route		List - II Connect
A.	Northern Atlantic	I.	Western Europe with South America
B.	Southern Atlantic	II.	West coast of North America with Asia
C.	North Pacific	III.	Western Europe with Australia
D.	South Pacific	IV.	North-Eastern USA with North Western Europe

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below:

- (a) A-II, B-IV, C-III, D-I
- (b) A-III, B-II, C-I, D-IV
- (c) A-IV, B-I, C-II, D-III
- (d) A-I, B-III, C-II, D-IV

Q2. The 'Silicon Forest' is an example of high-tech industry or technology lies in which of the following country?

- (a) USA
- (b) Canada
- (c) Germany
- (d) Australia

Q3. Neeru-Meeru programme is related to which of the following state?

- (a) Karnataka
- (b) Kerala
- (c) Andhra Pradesh
- (d) Telangana

Q4. Dry Farming is largely confined to the regions having annual rainfall less than _____.

- (a) 25 cm
- (b) 50 cm
- (c) 75 cm
- (d) 100 cm

Q5. Match List I with List II

	List - I Specialised function		List - II Towns
A.	Commercial town	I.	Ankaleshwar
B.	Industrial town	II.	Coimbatore
C.	Educational town	III.	Saharanpur
D.	Mining town	IV.	Roorki

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below:

- (a) A-I, B-II, C-III, D-IV
- (b) A-II, B-III, C-IV, D-I
- (c) A-II, B-I, C-III, D-IV
- (d) A-III, B-II, C-IV, D-I

Q6. Which of the following Geographers has emphasized on 'synthesis study of relationship between human

societies and earth's surface' while defining Human Geography?

- (a) E. C. Semple
- (b) Blache
- (c) Ratzel
- (d) Griffith Taylor

Q7. Human population reached the milestone of billion in.

- (a) 1800
- (b) 1810
- (c) 1820
- (d) 1830

Q8. Which of the following the world's Longest Highway tunnel?

- (a) Aman Setu
- (b) Srinagar Tunnel
- (c) Konkan Tunnel
- (d) Atal Tunnel

Q9. Arrange the following major ports on the Eastern Coast of India, from North to South direction:

- A. Chennai
- B. Paradwip
- C. Haldia
- D. Vishakhapatnam

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below:

- (a) C, A, D, B
- (b) C, B, D, A
- (c) B, D, A, C
- (d) B, C, A, D

Q10. Which of the following is not an Air Pollutant?

- (a) Sulphur oxide
- (b) Carbon monoxide
- (c) Nitrogen
- (d) Ammonia

Q11. A clean and sustainable environment is the objective of which of the following Programme?

- (a) Ganga Action Plan
- (b) Clean India, Green India mission
- (c) Swachh Bharat Mission
- (d) Smart Cities Mission

Q12. Which of the following country has the highest density of Railway?

- (a) Japan
- (b) Canada
- (c) Belgium
- (d) India

Q13. The type of agriculture largely found in densely populated regions of monsoon Asia is.

- (a) Extensive commercial grain cultivation
- (b) Mixed farming
- (c) Mediterranean agriculture
- (d) Intensive subsistence agriculture

Q14. Identify the correct statements about objectives of Swachh Bharat Mission (SBM).

- A. Making India free from corruption

- B. Making Provision for supply of clean energy fuel LPG to all household
- C. Providing potable drinking water to every household
- D. Promoting the use of non-convection energy resources

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (a) A, B, C only
- (b) A, B, D only
- (c) A, C, D only
- (d) B, C, D only

Q15. Which one of the following is a mining town?

- (a) Jharia
- (b) Ambala
- (c) Delhi
- (d) Patna

Q16. In broad gauge is the width of Indian Railways.

- (a) 1.675 metre
- (b) 0.762 metre
- (c) 0.610 metre
- (d) 1.676 metre

Q17. Match List I with List II

	List - I Types of Minerals		List - II Example
A.	Ferrous Mineral	I.	Bauxite
B.	Non-Ferrous	II.	Coal
C.	Fuel Mineral	III.	Manganese
D.	Non-Metallic	IV.	Graphite

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below:

- (a) A-II, B-IV, C-III, D-I
- (b) A-III, B-I, C-II, D-IV
- (c) A-IV, B-III, C-II, D-I
- (d) A-I, B-II, C-III, D-IV

Q18. Which one of the following is not a pillar of human development?

- (a) Equity
- (b) Sustainability
- (c) Productivity
- (d) Capitalism

Q19. Match List I with List II

	List - I Steel plants		List - II Facts
A.	Rourkela	I.	Andhra Pradesh
B.	Bhilai	II.	Established with Russian corporation
C.	Durgapur	III.	Set up in 1959
D.	Vizag	IV.	Set up in collaborate with UK

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below:

- (a) A-IV, B-III, C-I, D-II
- (b) A-III, B-IV, C-I, D-II
- (c) A-III, B-II, C-IV, D-I
- (d) A-I, B-II, C-III, D-IV

Q20. Canberra was planned as the capital of Australia by.

- (a) Lewis Mumford
- (b) Walter Christaller
- (c) Walter Burley Griffin
- (d) Patric Geddes

Q21. Identify the important features related to History of Indian Airlines.

- A. Air transport in India was launched between Allahabad and Naini
- B. Air transport was nationalised in 1953
- C. Air transport in India made a beginning in 1915
- D. Air transport was provided by four major companies

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (a) A, B and C only
- (b) B, C and D only
- (c) A, B and D only
- (d) A, C and D only

Q22. Make a correct sequence of age-sex Pyramids in ascending order in relation to the development: -

- A. Declining Populations
- B. Ageing Populations
- C. Expanding Populations
- D. Constant Populations

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (a) B, C, A, D
- (b) D, C, B, A
- (c) A, B, C, D
- (d) C, D, A, B

Q23. Wheat is primarily a crop of which of the following zone?

- (a) Temperate zone
- (b) Tropical zone
- (c) Equatorial zone
- (d) Mediterranean zone

Q24. Which one of the following country is NOT related with stage III of Demographic Transition theory?

- (a) Canada
- (b) Peru
- (c) Japan
- (d) U.S.A.

Q25. Radical school of thought is related to which one of the following social theory?

- (a) Welfare Theory
- (b) Market Theory
- (c) Marxian Theory
- (d) Socio-Economic Theory

Q26. Psephology is a sister discipline of which sub-field of Geography?

- (a) Military Geography
- (b) Electoral Geography
- (c) Gender Geography
- (d) Behavioral Geography

Q27. Identify the Personal Mode of Communication.

- A. Telephone
- B. E-mail
- C. Radio
- D. Internet

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (a) A, C and D only
- (b) A, B and C only
- (c) A, B and D only
- (d) B, C and D only

Q28. "Indian railways brought people of diverse cultures together to contribute to Indian freedom struggle" was said by.

- (a) Pt. Madam Mohan Malaviya
- (b) Mahatma Gandhi
- (c) Pt. Govind Ballabh Pant
- (d) Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel

Q29. Arrange Iron ore mines of India from East to West direction.

- A. Mayurbhanj
- B. Bailadila
- C. Ballari
- D. Ratnagiri

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (a) A, D, B, C
- (b) B, A, D, C
- (c) A, B, C, D
- (d) C, B, A, D

Q30. According to density of population arrange the given continents in descending order.

- A. Europe
- B. Africa
- C. Asia
- D. North America

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (a) C, B, A, D
- (b) A, B, C, D
- (c) D, C, B, A
- (d) B, D, A, C

Q31. Which of the following characteristics of foot loose industry are correct?

- A. They are not dependent on any specific raw material
- B. They produce in small quantity
- C. They employ a small labour force
- D. They are generally very polluting industries

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (a) A, B and D only
- (b) A, C and D only
- (c) B, C and D only
- (d) A, B and C only

Q32. Match List I with List II

	Examples LIST - I		Activities LIST - II
A.	Mixed farming	I.	Tertiary activities
B.	Iron and steel industry	II.	Primary activities
C.	Policy formulators	III.	Quinary activities
D.	Transport and Communication	IV.	Secondary activities

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (a) A-I, B-II, C-III, D-IV
- (b) A-IV, B-III, C-I, D-II
- (c) A-II, B-IV, C-III, D-I
- (d) A-II, B-III, C-IV, D-I

Q33. CBR (Crude Birth Rate) is calculated as.

$$(a) CBR = \frac{Bi}{P} \times 1000$$

$$(b) CBR = \frac{P}{Bi} \times 10,000$$

$$(c) CBR = \frac{Bi}{P} \times 1,00,000$$

$$(d) CBR = \frac{P}{Bi} \times 10,000$$

Q34. Arrange the following cities present on Trans-Canadian Railways Route from East to West direction:

- A. Sydney
- B. Ottawa
- C. Montreal
- D. Quebec
- E. Halifax

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (a) E, A, D, C, B
- (b) A, B, D, E, C
- (c) B, D, E, A, C
- (d) E, B, C, D, A

Q35. Which of the following is not the Cause of Population?

- (a) Population explosion
- (b) Heavy Urbanisation
- (c) Climate Change
- (d) Industrialisation

Q36. Griffith Taylor was related to which school of thought?

- (a) Possibilism
- (b) Determinism
- (c) Neo-Determinism
- (d) Behaviourism

Q37. New Zealand's Railways serves mainly which of the following areas.

- (a) Industrial areas
- (b) Farming areas
- (c) Urban areas
- (d) Mining areas

Q38. Cheapest means of transport to carry heavy and bulky material is.

- (a) Roadways
- (b) Railways
- (c) Waterways
- (d) Airways

Q39. Which one of the following is a tourist town.

- (a) Saharanpur
- (b) Satna
- (c) Anklashwar
- (d) Jaisalmer

Q40. Which of the following statement about Golden Quadrilateral are correct?

- A. It connects India's four big metro cities of Delhi, Mumbai, Chennai and Kolkata
- B. The length is 6500 km
- C. It is a 4/6 lane corridor
- D. It is a high density traffic corridor

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (a) A, B, C only
- (b) A, B, D only
- (c) A, C, D only
- (d) B, C, D only

Direction (Q41. to Q45) Read the given passage carefully and answer following five questions.

High technology, or simply high-tech, is the latest generation of manufacturing activities. It is best understood as the application of intensive research and development (R and D) efforts leading to the manufacture of products of an advanced scientific and engineering character. Professional (white collar) workers make up a large share of the total workforce. These highly skilled specialists greatly outnumber the actual production (blue collar) workers. Robotics on the assembly line, computer-aided design (CAD) and manufacturing, electronic controls of smelting and refining processes, and the constant development of new chemical and pharmaceutical products are notable examples of a high-tech industry. Neatly spaced, low, modern, dispersed, office-plant-lab building rather than massive assembly structures, factories and storage areas mark the high-tech industrial landscape. Planned business parks for high-tech start-ups have become part of regional and local development schemes.

High-tech industries which are regionally concentrated, self-sustained and highly specialised are called technopolies. The Silicon Valley near San Francisco and Silicon Forest near Seattle are examples of technopolies. Are some technopolies developing in India?

Manufacturing contributes significantly to the world economy. Iron and steel, textiles, automobile, petrochemical and electronics are some of the world's most important manufacturing industries.

- Q41.** Research and Development (R and D) based activity is involved in.
(a) Primary activities
(b) secondary activities
(c) Tertiary activities
(d) Quaternary activities
- Q42.** High technology regionally concentrated and highly specialised industries are called as.
(a) Business park
(b) Silicon valley
(c) Technopolis
(d) Electronic industries
- Q43.** The Silicon Valley is situated near.
(a) San Francisco
(b) Seattle
(c) Bengaluru
(d) Brazil
- Q44.** Which one of the following is not an example of high-tech industries?
(a) Information and Technology sector
(b) Refining
(c) Iron and steel industry
(d) Pharmaceutical
- Q45.** The highly skilled professionals are called the workers of.
(a) Blue collar
(b) White collar
(c) Red collar
(d) Black collar

Direction (Q46. to Q50.) Read the given passage carefully and answer following five questions:

India has 640,867 Villages according to the Census 2011 out of which 597,608 (93.2 per cent) are inhabited villages? However, the distribution of rural population is not uniform throughout the country. You might have noted that the states, like Bihar and Sikkim have very high percentage of rural population. The states of Goa and Maharashtra have only little over half of their total population residing in villages. The Union Territories, on the other hand, have smaller proportion of rural population, except Dadra and Nagar Haveli (53.38 per cent). The size of villages also varies considerably. It is less than 200 persons in the hill states of north-eastern India, Western Rajasthan and Rann of Kutch and as high as 17 thousand persons in the states of Kerala and in parts of Maharashtra. A thorough examination of the pattern of distribution of rural population of India reveals that both at intra-State and inter-State levels, the relative degree of urbanization and extent of rural-urban migration regulate the concentration of rural population. You have noted that contrary to rural population, the proportion of urban population (31.16 per cent) in India is quite low but it is showing a much faster rate of growth over the decades. The growth rate of urban population has accelerated due to enhanced economic development and improvement in health and hygienic conditions. The distribution of urban population too, as in the case of total population, has a wide variation throughout the country (Appendix-iv).

- Q46.** Which one of these states have high percentage of rural Population according to Census 2011?
(a) Maharashtra
(b) Goa
(c) Bihar
(d) Kerala
- Q47.** Which one of the following is not a reason to accelerate the urbanization?
(a) Improvement in health conditions
(b) Better employment opportunities
(c) Good education infrastructure
(d) Clean air
- Q48.** Which union territory among these have highest percent of rural population according to census 2011?
(a) Daman and Diu
(b) Delhi
(c) Chandigarh
(d) Dadra and Nagar Haveli
- Q49.** Which part of India has bigger size of villages according to population?
(a) Western Rajasthan
(b) Rann of Kutch
(c) Kerala
(d) Hill states of North East India
- Q50.** According to census 2011, the percentage of Rural Population of India is:
(a) 53.38%
(b) 31.6%
(c) 68.84%
(d) 37.6%