

CUET UG 2023 Political Science Question Paper PDF (Jun 06, 2023) (Shift 3)

- Q1.** In which year did the Right to Information Bill (RTI) receive presidential assent in India?
 (a) 2002 (b) 2003
 (c) 2005 (d) 2006

- Q2.** Who among the following is called as the 'Milkman of India'?
 (a) Mahatma Gandhi
 (b) Sardar Vallabhai Patel
 (c) Verghese Kurien
 (d) P.C. Mahalanobis

- Q3.** Which of the following country did not join the capitalist bloc in 1945?
 (a) U.S.A. (b) Britain
 (c) Poland (d) France

- Q4.** ASEAN was established in 1967 by which five countries?
 (a) Indonesia, Malaysia, Philippines, Singapore and Thailand
 (b) Maldives, Burma, Vietnam, Thailand and Singapore
 (c) Malaysia, Singapore, Nepal, Pakistan, Maldives
 (d) Singapore, India, China, Pakistan and Thailand

- Q5.** Match **List I** with **List II**.

List - I		List - II	
A.	Josip Broz Tito	I.	India
B.	Jawaharlal Nehru	II.	Yugoslavia
C.	Gamal Abdel Nasser	III.	Ghana
D.	Kwame Nkrumah	IV.	Egypt

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (a) A-II, B-I, C-IV, D-III (b) A-IV, B-III, C-II, D-I
 (c) A-III, B-II, C-I, D-IV (d) A-I, B-II, C-III, D-IV

- Q6.** Which one of the following is not a US-led alliance?
 (a) Warsaw Pact (b) NATO
 (c) SEATO (d) CENTO

- Q7.** Arrange the following in chronological order of their formation year.
 A. World Trade Organisation
 B. Amnesty International
 C. League of Nations
 D. World Bank

Choose the correct answer from the option given below:

- (a) A, B, C, D (b) C, D, B, A
 (c) A, C, B, D (d) C, A, B, D

- Q8.** Given below are two statements: one is labelled as **Assertion A** and the other labelled as **Reason R**.

Assertion A: A much broader way of understanding of economic globalisation requires up to look at the distribution of economic gains.

Reason R: Economic globalisation usually involves greater economic flows among different countries of the world.

In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options give below:

- (a) Both A and R are correct and R is the correct explanation of A
 (b) Both A and R are correct and R is not the correct explanation of A
 (c) A is correct but R is not correct
 (d) A is not correct but R is correct

- Q9.** Identify the leader of the Soviet Union who introduced economic and political reform policies of Perestroika and Glasnost.

- (a) Boris Yeltsin
 (b) Mikhail Gorbachev
 (c) Nikita Khrushchev
 (d) Joseph Stalin

- Q10.** WTO was established in the year:

- (a) 1992 (b) 1993
 (c) 1994 (d) 1995

- Q11.** "The United Nations was not created to take humanity to the heaven, but to save it from the hell." Who made this statement?

- (a) Pt. Jawahar Lal Nehru
 (b) Kofi Annan
 (c) Ban-Ki-Moon
 (d) Dag Hammarskjöld

- Q12.** Match **List I** with **List II**.

List - I		List - II	
A.	Laldenga	I.	Nagaland
B.	Angami Zaphu Phizo	II.	Sikkim
C.	AGP	III.	Mizoram
D.	Kazi Lhendup Dorji	IV.	Assam

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (a) A-I, B-II, C-III, D-IV (b) A-II, B-III, C-I, D-IV
 (c) A-III, B-I, C-IV, D-II (d) A-IV, B-II, C-I, D-III

- Q13.** Which of these statements are incorrect regarding the Chipko Movement?

- (a) These protests marked a world famous environmental movement in our country
 (b) It was an issue of ecological and economic exploitation of the forest region
 (c) The protest soon spread across many parts of the Uttarakhand, Himachal Pradesh, Tripura, Arunachal Pradesh and Jharkhand

(d) Women held sustained agitations against the habit of alcoholism

- Q14.** Who was the founder of 'BAMCEF'?
- (a) V.P. Chattopadhyay (b) Kanshi Ram
(c) Bindeshwari Prasad (d) B.R. Ambedkar
- Q15.** Which country faces secessionist movement from the Basques?
- (a) Scotland (b) Northern Ireland
(c) Spain (d) Wales
- Q16.** The Organisation for European Economic Cooperation (OEEC) was established in 1948 under which economic plan to channel aid to the west European nations?
- (a) Young Plan (b) Marshall Plan
(c) Maastricht Treaty (d) Lisbon Treaty
- Q17.** Who hailed the post-cold world era as the emergence of a 'new world order'?
- (a) Bill Clinton (b) Barak Obama
(c) George H. W. Bush (d) Ronald Reagan

Q18. Match **List I** with **List II**.

List - I		List - II	
A.	C. Rajagopalachari	I.	Bharatiya Jana Sangh
B.	Deen Dayal Upadhyay	II.	Swatantra Party
C.	B.R. Ambedkar	III.	Communist Party of India
D.	E.M.S. Namboodripad	IV.	Independent Labour Party

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (a) A-IV, B-III, C-I, D-II (b) A-III, B-IV, C-II, D-I
(c) A-I, B-II, C-III, D-IV (d) A-II, B-I, C-IV, D-III

- Q19.** What is the function of Amnesty International?
- (a) Protection of Human Rights
(b) Protection of Environment
(c) Working for Maritime Security
(d) Working for Nuclear Security
- Q20.** Which of the following was not a challenge for Independent India?
- (a) The challenge of establishing democracy.
(b) To shape a nation that was united.
(c) To establish a state based on tenets of religion.
(d) Achieve economic development with equality and justice.
- Q21.** Tashkent Agreement was signed between:
- (a) India and Pakistan
(b) India and Bangladesh
(c) India and Sri Lanka
(d) India and Myanmar
- Q22.** When was the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) established?
- (a) 1954 (b) 1955
(c) 1956 (d) 1957
- Q23.** "Tomorrow we shall be free from the slavery of the British domination. But at midnight, India will be partitioned. Tomorrow will thus be a day

of rejoicing as well as of mourning!" Who among the following made this statement?

- (a) Jawaharlal Nehru
(b) Subash Chandra Bose
(c) Faiz Ahmed Faiz
(d) Mahatma Gandhi

- Q24.** Which one of the following is not a component of traditional security policy?
- (a) Deterrence
(b) Balance of Power
(c) Alliance Building
(d) Human Security
- Q25.** Which among the following statements about Antarctica is incorrect?
- (a) The Antarctica plays an important role in maintaining climate equilibrium
(b) It lies in the North Pole
(c) It has a highly productive marine ecosystem
(d) It is part of the global commons and no country possess legal sovereign claims over it

Q26. Dalit Panther originated in which state?

- (a) Maharashtra (b) Goa
(c) Kerala (d) Delhi

Q27. Who was the founder President of Bharatiya Jana Sangh?

- (a) Shyama Prasad Mukherjee
(b) Deen Dayal Upadhyay
(c) Balraj Madhok
(d) Atal Behari Vajpayee

Q28. Arrange the following chronological order:

- A. The Strategic Arms Reduction Treaty-I (START-I)
B. The Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty (NPT)
C. The Anti-Ballistic Missile Treaty
D. Chemical Weapons Convention
E. The Strategic Arms Reduction Treaty II (START-II)

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (a) C, A, B, D, E (b) B, C, A, D, E
(c) A, B, E, C, D (d) D, A, B, C, E

Q29. The idea of planned economic development in India is adopted from which country?

- (a) USA (b) Soviet Union (USSR)
(c) China (d) United Kingdom

Q30. Arrange the following in chronological order:

- A. Russian Parliament declares its independence from the Soviet Union.
B. Indo-Russian Strategic Agreement (80 bilateral agreements)
C. The fall of Berlin Wall
D. Three Baltic republics of Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania became the members of UN
E. The Soviet invasion of Afghanistan

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (a) B, E, A, C, D (b) E, A, C, D, B
(c) E, C, D, B, A (d) E, C, A, D, B

- Q31.** In which year, the Janta Party government appointed a commission of inquiry to into a several aspects of allegations of abuse of authority?
 (a) May 1975 (b) May 1976
 (c) May 1977 (d) May 1978
- Q32.** In which year Goa became a state of the Indian Union?
 (a) 1987 (b) 1989
 (c) 1990 (d) 1947
- Q33.** Operation Infinite Reach was ordered by which US President?
 (a) George H. W. Bush (b) John Kennedy
 (c) Jose Biden (d) Bill Clinton
- Q34.** Which country is a part of India's Act East Policy that wants to link up with southeast Asia via Myanmar?
 (a) Nepal (b) Bangladesh
 (c) Sri Lanka (d) Bhutan
- Q35.** Which party desired that Goa as Marathi speaking area should merge with Maharashtra?
 (a) Maharashtrawadi Gomantak Party
 (b) United Goan Party
 (c) Shiv Sena
 (d) Marathi Goa Party
- Q36.** Indian National Army was created during the Second World War by:
 (a) Chandra Shekhar Azad
 (b) Bhagat Singh
 (c) Subash Chandra Bose
 (d) Sukhdev
- Q37.** In which year did Nepal become a democratic republic after the abolishing of monarchy?
 (a) 2005 (b) 2006
 (c) 2007 (d) 2008
- Q38.** In which year was the UN Conference on Environment and Development on environmental issues held in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil?
 (a) 1992 (b) 1972
 (c) 1982 (d) 1985
- Q39.** Who is associated with the implementation of the Mandal Commission?
 (a) Devilal (b) P.K. Mahanta
 (c) K. Karunanidhi (d) V.P. Singh
- Q40.** Given below are two statements: one is labelled as **Assertion A** and the other is labelled as **Reason R**.
Assertion A: Angami Zaphu Phizo was the leader of the movement for independent Nagaland.
Reason R: President of Naga National Council began an armed struggle against the Indian state, went underground, stayed in Pakistan and spent the last three decades of his life in exile in UK.
 In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options give below:
 (a) Both A and R are correct and R is the correct explanation of A

- (b) Both A and R are correct and R is NOT the correct explanation of A
 (c) A is correct but R is not correct
 (d) A is not correct but R is correct

Direction for the questions 41 to 45: Study the following picture and answer the five questions that follow:



- Q41.** Where is the headquarter of this international organisation?
 (a) Brussels, Belgium
 (b) Frankfurt, Germany
 (c) Paris, France
 (d) London, U.K
- Q42.** This logo belongs to which international organization
 (a) SAARC (b) UN
 (c) ASEAN (d) EU
- Q43.** By which treaty did this organisation came into existence?
 (a) UNFCC
 (b) Maastricht Treaty
 (c) SAFTA Agreement
 (d) Bangkok Declaration
- Q44.** Recently, which country has left the membership of this international organisation?
 (a) Germany (b) Russia
 (c) United Kingdom (d) USA
- Q45.** Which currency is used as legal tender among the member countries of this international organisation?
 (a) Euro (b) Pound
 (c) Dollar (d) Ruble

Direction for the questions 46 to 50: Read the following passage carefully and answer the five questions that follow:

India's new beginning in the 'post-Cold War period is largely attributed to the liberal economic order. The liberal security order on the other hand has welcomed India's rise unlike China, largely because India's democratic credentials gel well with the liberal principles. President Clinton made a state visit to India within two years of imposed sanctions against India's nuclear testing. The era witnessed reconciliation between the world's oldest and largest democracies. The multi-sector cooperation alongside the Indi-US nuclear deals are some of the momentous diplomatic developments of the last decade. The Bush administration perceived a strong democratic India an important partner for the United States and encouraged India to play an increasingly important leadership role in 21st century Asia. Inclusion of India in decision-making on matters of global governance, upgraded representation in trade and

investment forums, admission into multilateral export control regimes (MTCR) and support for admission in Nuclear Suppliers Group (NSG) are indicative of growing partnership and strengthening of friendly relations between the US and India.

Q46. During Cold War, the world was divided in how many blocs?

- (a) 5
- (b) 4
- (c) 1
- (d) 2

Q47. _____ made a visit to India within a two year of imposed Sanctions against India's nuclear testing?

- (a) President Mikhail Gorbachev
- (b) President Obama
- (c) President H.W. Bush

(d) President Clinton

Q48. Which country is referred to as the world's oldest democracy?

- (a) US
- (b) France
- (c) England
- (d) Russia

Q49. In which year did India declare itself as a nuclear power state?

- (a) 1997
- (b) 1996
- (c) 1998
- (d) 1971

Q50. What is the full form of NSG?

- (a) Nuclear Suppliers Group
- (b) Nuclear Software Group
- (c) Network Supplies Group
- (d) Nuclear Seller Group