



Paper - II

Linguistics

Booklet Code

A

SUBJECT CODE :

24

Roll No. :

(Figures as per admission card)

Roll No. (in words) :

OMR Sheet No. :

Name and Signature of Invigilator/s

Signature : _____

Name : _____

Time : 2 Hours

Maximum Marks : 200

Number of Pages in this Booklet : 24

Number of Questions in this Booklet : 100

Instructions for the Candidates

1. Write your roll number in the space provided on the top of this page.
2. This paper consists of hundred (100) multiple-choice type of questions.
3. At the commencement of examination, the test booklet will be given to you. In the first 5 minutes, you are requested **To Open the Booklet and Compulsorily Examine it as Below:**
 - (i) To have access to the Test Booklet, tear off the paper seal on the edge of the cover page. Do not accept a booklet without sticker seal or open booklet.
 - (ii) Tally the number of pages and number of questions in the booklet with the information printed on the cover page. Faulty booklets due to pages/questions missing or duplicate or not in serial order or any other discrepancy should be got replaced immediately by a correct booklet from the invigilator within the period of 5 minutes. Afterwards, neither the Test Booklet will be replaced nor any extra time will be given.
 - (iii) After the verification is over, the Test Booklet Number should be entered in the OMR Sheet and the OMR Sheet Number should be entered on this Test Booklet.
4. Each item has four alternative responses marked (A), (B), (C) and (D). You have to darken the circle as indicated below on the correct response against each item.
Example : Ⓐ Ⓑ ● Ⓓ
 where (C) is the correct response.
5. Your responses to the questions are to be indicated in the **OMR Sheet kept inside this Booklet**. If you mark at any place other than in the circles, the OMR Sheet will not be evaluated.
6. Read the instructions given in OMR Sheet carefully. Fill the Booklet Code of Paper-II in OMR Sheet **Compulsorily**.
7. Rough Work is to be done in the end of this booklet.
8. If you write your name or put any mark on any part of the OMR Answer Sheet, except for the space provided for the relevant entries, which may disclose your identity, you will render yourself liable to disqualification.
9. You have to return the OMR answer Sheet to the invigilators at the end of the examination compulsorily and must NOT carry it with you outside the Examination Hall.
10. You can take away test booklet and carbon copy of OMR Answer Sheet after the examination.
11. **Use only Blue/Black Ball point pen.**
12. **Use of any calculator, electronic gadgets or log table, etc. is prohibited.**
13. **There is no negative mark for incorrect answer.**



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Your Personal Exam Guide



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1. Given below are two statements:

Statement – I: Adults often raise the pitch of their voice when speaking to babies.

Statement – II: Adults use simpler, shorter and sometimes repeated words when speaking to babies.

In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the codes given below:

- (A) Both Statement I and Statement II are correct
- (B) Both Statement I and Statement II are incorrect
- (C) Statement I is correct and Statement II is incorrect
- (D) Statement I is incorrect and Statement II is correct

2. Two or more phonetic variants appear in the same phonetic environment without causing a change in meaning or being perceived as incorrect by native speakers. They are in _____.

- (A) contrastive distribution
- (B) complementary distribution
- (C) free variation
- (D) preliminary variation

3. A variety of languages used in a particular social setting, context, or communicative situations is known as:

- (A) Register
- (B) Dialect
- (C) Idiolect
- (D) Accent

4. In which type of bilingualism, both languages are learnt since birth ?

- (A) Simultaneous Bilingualism
- (B) Sequential Bilingualism
- (C) Additive Bilingualism
- (D) Subtractive Bilingualism

5. Which one of the following does not refer to emotive function of language?

- (A) Communicate moods, feelings, emotions and feelings.
- (B) Evoke an emotional response in the reader or listener.
- (C) Dissuades the audience to share the writer's or speaker's point of view.
- (D) Cause an effect on the audience and manipulate their reactions.

6. Match List-I and List-II and select the correct answer from the codes given below:

	List-I		List-II
P	Optative Sentence	1	Wow! What a beautiful flower
Q	Exclamatory Sentence	2	Bring a glass of water
R	Declarative Sentence	3	The sun rises in the East
S	Imperative Sentence	4	May you live long!

Codes:

- | | | | | |
|-----|---|---|---|---|
| | P | Q | R | S |
| (A) | 1 | 4 | 3 | 2 |
| (B) | 1 | 4 | 2 | 3 |
| (C) | 4 | 1 | 3 | 2 |
| (D) | 4 | 1 | 2 | 3 |



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7. Match List-I and List-II and select the correct answer from the codes given below:

	List-I		List-II
P	B.F. Skinner	1	Monitor Theory
Q	S. Krashen	2	Generativism
R	Ferdinand de Saussure	3	Operant Conditioning
S	Noam Chomsky	4	Structuralism

Codes:

	P	Q	R	S
(A)	3	1	4	2
(B)	4	1	3	2
(C)	1	4	2	3
(D)	3	1	2	4

8. Given below are two statements:
Statement – I: Indian languages are verb non-final in their word order.
Statement – II: Khasi is an exception, which is verb-final in its word order.
 In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the codes given below:
- (A) Both Statement I and Statement II are correct
 (B) Both Statement I and Statement II are incorrect
 (C) Statement I is correct and Statement II is incorrect
 (D) Statement I is incorrect and Statement II is correct

9. Match List-I and List-II and select the correct answer from the codes given below:

	List-I		List-II
P	Critical studies in the phonetic observations of Indian Grammarians	1	Leonard Bloomfield
Q	Language and the study of mind	2	William Labov
R	Language	3	Siddheshwar Varma
S	Sociolinguistic Patterns	4	Noam Chomsky

Codes:

	P	Q	R	S
(A)	3	2	4	1
(B)	1	2	3	4
(C)	2	4	1	3
(D)	3	4	1	2

10. Language is a key way to preserve and express culture and heritage. Which of the following is not true?
- (A) Language can convey values, beliefs and customs.
 (B) Language does not reflect a nation's development and the way people think and adapt to their environment.
 (C) Language identifies a culture's ethnic identity.
 (D) Preservation and documentation of language is necessary as the practice and transmission of living heritage is important for the well-being of indigenous communities.



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11. Given below are two statements:

Statement –I: Contrast and complementation are two important concepts in linguistics that relate to how linguistic elements interact with one another within a language, particularly in terms of meaning, structure and function.

Statement – II: Contrast refers to the relationship between linguistic elements that differ from each other in such a way that their differences does not create a difference in meaning.

In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the codes given below:

- (A) Both Statement I and Statement II are correct
- (B) Both Statement I and Statement II are incorrect
- (C) Statement I is correct and Statement II is incorrect
- (D) Statement I is incorrect and Statement II is correct

12. Speech attributes that can accompany singular segments and extend over syllables, words, or phrases, are called:

- (A) Distinctive features
- (B) Suprasegmental features
- (C) Segmental features
- (D) Non-linguistic features

13. Given below are two statements, one labelled as Assertion (a) and the other labelled as Reason (r). Read the statements and choose the correct answer from the codes given below:

Assertion (a): Portmanteau morph is used to refer to where a single morph simultaneously represents a bundle of several different grammatical elements.

Reason (r) : Empty morph is also a type of portmanteau morph.

- (A) Both (a) and (r) are true and (r) is correct explanation of (a)
- (B) Both (a) and (r) are true but (r) is not correct explanation of (a)
- (C) (a) is true, but (r) is false
- (D) (a) is false, but (r) is true

14. Given below are two statements:

Statement – I: Inflectional affixes are always class-maintaining.

Statement – II: Derivational affixes are class-maintaining as well as class-changing.

In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the codes given below:

- (A) Both Statement I and Statement II are correct
- (B) Both Statement I and Statement II are incorrect
- (C) Statement I is correct and Statement II is incorrect
- (D) Statement I is incorrect and Statement II is correct



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15. Given below are two statements:
Statement – I: All roots are bases.
Statement – II: All bases are not roots.
 In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the codes given below:

- (A) Both Statement I and Statement II are correct
 (B) Both Statement I and Statement II are incorrect
 (C) Statement I is correct and Statement II is incorrect
 (D) Statement I is incorrect and Statement II is correct

16. Match List-I and List-II and select the correct answer from the codes given below:

	List-I		List-II
P	Exocentric Word	1	At least 2 Free Morphemes
Q	Complex Word	2	Meaning lies outside the word
R	Compound Word	3	At least 1 Free ,s-bound Morpheme
S	Simple Word	4	One Free Morpheme

Codes:

- | | | | | |
|-----|---|---|---|---|
| | P | Q | R | S |
| (A) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| (B) | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| (C) | 2 | 3 | 1 | 4 |
| (D) | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 |

17. Match List-I and List-II and select the correct answer from the codes given below:

	List-I (Word Formation Process)		List-II (Example)
P	Blending	1	Xerox
Q	Acronym	2	Prof.
R	Coinage	3	UNICEF
S	Clipping	4	Infotainment

Codes:

- | | | | | |
|-----|---|---|---|---|
| | P | Q | R | S |
| (A) | 4 | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| (B) | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| (C) | 4 | 2 | 1 | 3 |
| (D) | 2 | 1 | 3 | 4 |

18. Given below are two statements, one labelled as Assertion (a) and the other labelled as Reason (r). Read the statements and choose the correct answer from the code given below:

Assertion (a): The minimal meaningful unit of a language is called morpheme.

Reason (r): Meaningful unit can be either of semantic content or of grammatical function.

- (A) Both (a) and (r) are true and (r) is correct explanation of (a)
 (B) Both (a) and (r) are true but (r) is not correct explanation of (a)
 (C) (a) is true, but (r) is false
 (D) (a) is false, but (r) is true



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19. Given below are two statements, one labelled as Assertion (a) and the other labelled as Reason (r). Read the statements and choose the correct answer from the code given below:

Assertion (a): A morpheme has allomorphs under complementary distribution generally.

Reason (r) : Complementary distribution is always phonologically conditioned.

- (A) Both (a) and (r) are true and (r) is correct explanation of (a)
 (B) Both (a) and (r) are true but (r) is not correct explanation of (a)
 (C) (a) is true, but (r) is false
 (D) (a) is false, but (r) is true
20. Match List-I and List-II and select the correct answer from the codes given below:

	List-I (Morphological Type of language)		List-II (Example)
P	Analytic language	1	Turkish
Q	Inflecting language	2	Latin
R	Agglutinating language	3	Chinese
S	Incorporating language	4	Eskimo

Codes:

- | | | | | |
|-----|---|---|---|---|
| | P | Q | R | S |
| (A) | 3 | 2 | 1 | 4 |
| (B) | 2 | 3 | 1 | 4 |
| (C) | 3 | 4 | 1 | 2 |
| (D) | 4 | 1 | 2 | 3 |

21. Lexical phonology is a theoretical framework with phonology that integrates the relationship between morphology (the structure of words) and phonology (the system of sounds). Which one of the following is not true of lexical phonology?

- (A) Developed by Paul Kiparsky
 (B) Sought to understand how phonological processes interact with morphological processes in the mental lexicon
 (C) No hierarchical levels for application of lexical phonology
 (D) Phonological processes apply cyclically

22. Match List-I and List-II and select the correct answer from the codes given below:

	List-I		List-II
P	Minimal Meaningful unit of a language	1	Complementary Distribution
Q	Indivisible part of a word	2	Lexeme
R	Dictionary Entry of a word	3	Morpheme
S	Identical in meaning but non-identical in occurrence	4	Root

Codes:

- | | | | | |
|-----|---|---|---|---|
| | P | Q | R | S |
| (A) | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| (B) | 3 | 4 | 2 | 1 |
| (C) | 3 | 4 | 1 | 2 |
| (D) | 4 | 3 | 1 | 2 |



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23. Match List-I and List-II and select the correct answer from the codes given below:

	List-I		List-II
P	Catwalk	1	Endocentric Word
Q	Cat	2	Simple Word
R	Cats	3	Exocentric Word
S	Classroom	4	Complex Word

Codes:

- | | | | | |
|-----|---|---|---|---|
| | P | Q | R | S |
| (A) | 3 | 2 | 4 | 1 |
| (B) | 3 | 4 | 2 | 1 |
| (C) | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| (D) | 1 | 2 | 4 | 3 |
24. Given below are two statements:
- Statement – I:** Each Theta role is assigned to one and only one argument.
- Statement – II:** All arguments must bear one and only one theta role.
- In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the codes given below:
- (A) Both Statement I and Statement II are correct
- (B) Both Statement I and Statement II are incorrect
- (C) Statement I is correct and Statement II is incorrect
- (D) Statement I is incorrect and Statement II is correct

25. Given below are two statements, one labelled as Assertion (a) and the other labelled as Reason (r). Read the statements and choose the correct answer from the codes given below:

Assertion (a): The pro-drop is a parametric variation across the languages of the world.

Reason (r) : Generally the pro-drop of a subject is permitted in the languages which are rich in subject-verb agreement.

- (A) Both (a) and (r) are true and (r) is correct explanation of (a)
- (B) Both (a) and (r) are true but (r) is not correct explanation of (a)
- (C) (a) is true, but (r) is false
- (D) (a) is false, but (r) is true

26. Given below are two statements:

Statement – I: Traces must be properly governed.

Statement – II: A properly governs B iff: A governs B and A is lexical or an antecedent.

In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the codes given below:

- (A) Both Statement I and Statement II are correct
- (B) Both Statement I and Statement II are incorrect
- (C) Statement I is correct and Statement II is incorrect
- (D) Statement I is incorrect and Statement II is correct



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27. Match List-I and List-II and select the correct answer from the codes given below:

	List-I		List-II
P	TG Grammar	1	1965
Q	Aspects	2	1993
R	Government & Binding Theory	3	1957
S	Minimalist Program	4	1981

Codes:

	P	Q	R	S
(A)	3	1	4	2
(B)	3	2	4	1
(C)	3	4	1	2
(D)	1	2	3	4

28. Match List-I and List-II and select the correct answer from the codes given below:

	List-I (Concept)		List-II (Example)
P	Expletive	1	Went
Q	Suppletion	2	Themselves
R	Reciprocal	3	There
S	Emphatic	4	Each-other

Codes:

	P	Q	R	S
(A)	1	3	4	2
(B)	3	1	4	2
(C)	3	1	2	4
(D)	2	3	1	4

29. Match List-I and List-II and select the correct answer from the codes given below:

	List-I		List-II
P	Phonetic Form	1	Every
Q	Existential Quantifier	2	Signified
R	Logical Form	3	Some
S	Universal Quantifier	4	Signifier

Codes:

	P	Q	R	S
(A)	4	3	2	1
(B)	4	1	2	3
(C)	3	2	1	4
(D)	2	3	4	1

30. Which one of these is not an Object Raising Verb?

- (A) Want
(B) Go
(C) Believe
(D) Prove

31. In GB theory-framework, which Binding Principle is concerned with R-expressions?

- (A) Principle –A
(B) Principle-B
(C) Principle-C
(D) Principle-D


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32. “Every overt NP in a sentence must be Case-marked”, is related to the concept of _____.
 (A) ECM
 (B) ECP
 (C) Case Filter
 (D) Constraint on case
33. Which of the following does not belong to “Levels of Adequacy”?
 (A) Observational Adequacy
 (B) Descriptive Adequacy
 (C) Superficial Adequacy
 (D) Explanatory Adequacy
34. In the sentence “Shahid took the book from Rakesh”, the word ‘from’ indicates :
 (A) Dative case
 (B) Ablative case
 (C) Locative case
 (D) Instrumental case
35. Higher level terms in hyponymy diagram are :
 (A) Synonymys
 (B) Super-ordinated relationship
 (C) Antonymys
 (D) Sub-ordinated relationship
36. Which of the following is not a meaning relation?
 (A) Antonym
 (B) Homonymy
 (C) Synonym
 (D) Metonymy
37. Characterizing the meaning of words in terms of its relationship to other words: Synonym, Antonym, Hyponymy etc.
 (A) Lexical Relationship
 (B) Semantic Relationship
 (C) Collocation
 (D) Gradable Antonym
38. The entity that is involved in or affected by the action is :
 (A) Denotation
 (B) Semantic features
 (C) Homophony
 (D) Theme (Patient)



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39. Given below are two statements, one labelled as Assertion (a) and the other labelled as Reason (r). Read the statements and choose the correct answer from the codes given below:
Assertion (a): The concept of archiphoneme is used to account for situations where two or more phonemes cannot be distinguished from each other due to the surrounding sounds or phonological rules.
Reason (r): An archiphoneme represents a set of phonemes that are neutralized in a particular linguistic context, where their distinctive features are no longer contrastive.
- (A) Both (a) and (r) are true and (r) is correct explanation of (a)
 (B) Both (a) and (r) are true but (r) is not correct explanation of (a)
 (C) (a) is true, but (r) is false
 (D) (a) is false, but (r) is true
40. Given below are two statements:
Statement – I: A “presupposition” is what the speaker assumes to be true.
Statement – II: Presupposition is what the speaker believes to be true before saying something.
 In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the codes given below:
- (A) Both Statement I and Statement II are correct
 (B) Both Statement I and Statement II are incorrect
 (C) Statement I is correct and Statement II is incorrect
 (D) Statement I is incorrect and Statement II is correct
41. The correct entailment of the sentence “The King was assassinated” is;
- (A) There was a king
 (B) The king was alive
 (C) Someone tried to assassinate
 (D) Someone assassinated the king
42. Which type of meaning is peripheral indeterminate and open ended?
- (A) Denotative
 (B) Connotative
 (C) Associative
 (D) Reflected
43. Given below are two statements:
Statement – I: Entailment is a purely logical concept.
Statement – II: Entailment depends on context.
 In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the codes given below:
- (A) Both Statement I and Statement II are correct
 (B) Both Statement I and Statement II are incorrect
 (C) Statement I is correct and Statement II is incorrect
 (D) Statement I is incorrect and Statement II is correct



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44. Which type of meanings consists of the associations a word acquires on account of the meaning of words which tend to occur in its environment?

- (A) Social meaning
- (B) Affective meaning
- (C) Collective meaning
- (D) Reflected meaning

45. A technique in historical linguistics that uses the synchronic evidence found within the language to infer aspects of history; analyzes patterns of alternations to hypothesize about past forms and changes that might have occurred; examines the role of analogical change and irregular patterns to reconstruct earlier regular forms that might have undergone changes due to various linguistic processes:

- (A) Comparative method
- (B) Internal reconstruction
- (C) Dialect Geography
- (D) Lexicostatistics

46. Match List-I and List-II and select the correct answer from the codes given below :

	List-I		List-II
P	Kerala Panineeyam	1	Tamil grammar text
Q	Kashmir Shabdamritam	2	Etymology and correct interpretation of words
R	Tholkaapiyam	3	Malayalam grammar and rhetoric
S	Nirukta	4	Kashmiri Grammar

Codes:

	P	Q	R	S
(A)	4	2	1	3
(B)	3	4	1	2
(C)	2	4	3	1
(D)	1	4	2	3

47. A systematic technique used to reconstruct the features of a common ancestral language by comparing similarities and differences among languages that are believed to have descended from the common ancestor:

- (A) Glottochronology
- (B) Dialect geography
- (C) Lexicostatistics
- (D) Comparative method



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48. Match List-I and List-II and select the correct answer from the codes given below:

	List-I		List-II
P	The process by which the meaning of words or concepts evolves over time	1	Sound change
Q	A sound change that alters the distribution of phonemes in a language	2	Semantic change
R	The replacement of one speech sound by a different one	3	Lexical change
S	The demise of words with the passage of time	4	Phonological change

Codes:

- | | | | | |
|-----|---|---|---|---|
| | P | Q | R | S |
| (A) | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| (B) | 3 | 4 | 1 | 2 |
| (C) | 2 | 4 | 1 | 3 |
| (D) | 1 | 2 | 4 | 3 |
49. A situation where two distinct morphosyntactic categories are expressed in the same way is called :
- (A) Coalescence
- (B) Narrowing
- (C) Lexicalization
- (D) Syncretism

50. A set of sound laws describing the Proto-Indo-European stop consonants as they developed in Proto-Germanic in the first millennium BC:

- (A) Grimms Law
- (B) Grassman's Law
- (C) Phonological condition
- (D) Law of neutralization

51. Verner's Law is an important linguistic rule that explains a historical sound change. Which of the following is not at the time of Verner's Law?

- (A) Explains a historical sound change in the early Germanic languages.
- (B) Addresses exceptions to Grimm's Law.
- (C) A diachronic sound change affects simultaneously all words in which its environment is met.
- (D) The law deals with three main shifts.



52. Match List-I and List-II and select the correct answer from the codes given below:

	List-I		List-II
P	Replacement of a single distinctive segment by two or more segments in different phonetic contexts	1	Merger
Q	A word's meaning becomes more inclusive than its original meaning	2	Split
R	A shift in language patterns over time	3	Broadening
S	When two or more sounds lose their distinction and become one	4	Syntactic change

Codes:

	P	Q	R	S
(A)	2	4	1	3
(B)	3	1	2	4
(C)	2	4	3	1
(D)	2	3	4	1

53. Given below are two statements:
Statement – I: The idea that changes in language are often driven by social factors, such as identity, group membership, social status, and interaction patterns.
Statement – II: Language is not inherently social.
 In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the codes given below:
- (A) Both Statement I and Statement II are correct

- (B) Both Statement I and Statement II are incorrect
 (C) Statement I is correct and Statement II is incorrect
 (D) Statement I is incorrect and Statement II is correct

54. Which term refers to the idea that language can reinforce power dynamics?

- (A) Language convergence
 (B) Linguistic determinism
 (C) Critical discourse analysis
 (D) Language standardization

55. Prestige dialect is:

- (A) A dialect spoken by a minority group.
 (B) A dialect associated with high social status
 (C) A dying dialect
 (D) A dialect with no native speaker

56. Given below are two statements:

Statement – I: The use of incorrect language forms due to over-application of prescriptive rules is known as hypercorrection.

Statement – II: Overuse of formal language is known as hypercorrection.
 In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the codes given below:

- (A) Both Statement I and Statement II are correct
 (B) Both Statement I and Statement II are incorrect
 (C) Statement I is correct and Statement II is incorrect
 (D) Statement I is incorrect and Statement II is correct



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57. How does language reinforce power dynamics?
- By maintaining linguistic diversity.
 - Through the use of standard language and formal registers.
 - By simplifying communication.
 - By promoting language change.
58. Given below are two statements:
Statement – I: A language with no written form is a lingua-franca
Statement – II: A language used for communication between speakers of different native languages
 In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the codes given below:
- Both Statement I and Statement II are correct
 - Both Statement I and Statement II are incorrect
 - Statement I is correct and Statement II is incorrect
 - Statement I is incorrect and Statement II is correct
59. The use of more than one language variety during conversation is:
- Code switching
 - Code mixing
 - Codification
 - Decoding
60. Which term refers to the official recognition for use of multiple languages in a country?
- Monolingualism
 - Multilingualism
 - Bilingualism
 - Linguistic nationalism
61. Given below are two statements:
Statement – I: The idea that language influences thought is known as linguistic relatively.
Statement – II: The belief that all languages are equally complex is known as linguistic relatively.
 In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the codes given below:
- Both Statement I and Statement II are correct
 - Both Statement I and Statement II are incorrect
 - Statement I is correct and Statement II is incorrect
 - Statement I is incorrect and Statement II is correct
62. Which of the following term refers to the use of language to control or to influence others?
- Linguistic relatively
 - Linguistic hegemony
 - Linguistic Accommodation
 - Linguistic Divergence
63. The process of expanding the structural and stylistic range of the pidgin is called:
- Pidginization
 - Creolization
 - Decreolization
 - Acrolect



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64. Language Revitalization is:
- The process of creating new languages.
 - The effort to bring a dying language back to use.
 - The simplification of language
 - The replacement of one language by another.
65. In the context of Indian languages, which typological classification is used to describe languages with a high degree of inflection?
- Agglutinating language
 - Fusional language
 - Isolating languages
 - Polysynthetic languages
66. In terms of linguistic typology, what is a defining feature of Tibeto- Burman languages found in India?
- Extensive vowel harmony
 - Use of complex honorific
 - Tonal distinctions
 - Agglutination
67. "India as a Linguistic Area" was proposed by :
- M.B. Emeneau
 - Georg A. Grierson
 - William Labov
 - Leonard Bloomfield
68. Kashmiri, Dogri, Urdu, Hindi and English are the _____ languages of Jammu & Kashmir.
- regional
 - official
 - unofficial
 - personal
69. Given below are two statements:
- Statement – I:** In verb-final languages, generally Indirect Object precedes the Direct Object.
- Statement– II:** In verb-final languages, generally Direct Object follows the Indirect Object.
- In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the codes given below:
- Both Statement I and Statement II are correct
 - Both Statement I and Statement II are incorrect
 - Statement I is correct and Statement II is incorrect
 - Statement I is incorrect and Statement II is correct
70. Given below are two statements, one labelled as Assertion (a) and the other labelled as Reason (r). Read the statements and choose the correct answer from the code given below:
- Assertion (a) :** From the verb "die", we make the causative verb "kill", in English.
- Reason (r) :** It is a process of lexical causative, as we get two independent lexical items.
- Both (a) and (r) are true and (r) is correct explanation of (a)
 - Both (a) and (r) are true but (r) is not correct explanation of (a)
 - (a) is true, but (r) is false
 - (a) is false, but (r) is true



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71. Given below are two statements, one labelled as Assertion (a) and the other labelled as Reason (r). Read the statements and choose the correct answer from the code given below:

Assertion (a): The Dravidian languages predominately use postpositions rather than prepositions.

Reason (r): The use of postpositions in Dravidian languages aligns with the typological classification of these languages as having a Subject-Object-Verb (SOV) word-order.

- (A) Both (a) and (r) are true and (r) is correct explanation of (a)
 (B) Both (a) and (r) are true but (r) is not correct explanation of (a)
 (C) (a) is true, but (r) is false
 (D) (a) is false, but (r) is true

72. Match List-I and List-II and select the correct answer from the codes given below:

	List-I		List-II
P	Complementizer	1	To go
Q	Relative Pronoun	2	Having gone
R	Participle	3	That
S	Infinitive	4	Who

Codes:

- | | | | | |
|-----|---|---|---|---|
| | P | Q | R | S |
| (A) | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| (B) | 3 | 1 | 4 | 2 |
| (C) | 3 | 4 | 2 | 1 |
| (D) | 3 | 2 | 4 | 1 |

73. Match List-I and List-II and select the correct answer from the codes given below:

	List-I		List-II
P	Tamil	1	Agglutinative
Q	Manipuri	2	Fusional
R	Punjabi	3	Isolating
S	Mohwak	4	Polysynthetic

Codes:

- | | | | | |
|-----|---|---|---|---|
| | P | Q | R | S |
| (A) | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 |
| (B) | 2 | 3 | 1 | 4 |
| (C) | 4 | 1 | 3 | 2 |
| (D) | 4 | 3 | 1 | 2 |

74. Given below are two statements:

Statement – I: Cerebral dominance is the idea that one cerebral hemisphere of the brain is dominant over the other in certain functions.

Statement – II: Cerebral dominance is a continuous process which evolves throughout life.

In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the codes given below:

- (A) Both Statement I and Statement II are correct
 (B) Both Statement I and Statement II are incorrect
 (C) Statement I is correct and Statement II is incorrect
 (D) Statement I is incorrect and Statement II is correct



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75. Given below are two statements:
Statement – I: In syntactic processing during language comprehension, the brain analyzes the grammatical structure of a sentence to understand the relationships between words.

Statement – II: When sentences have multiple possible interpretations, the brain resolves ambiguity to select the most plausible interpretation without any recourse to context and grammatical rules.

In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the codes given below:

- (A) Both Statement I and Statement II are correct
- (B) Both Statement I and Statement II are incorrect
- (C) Statement I is correct and Statement II is incorrect
- (D) Statement I is incorrect and Statement II is correct

76. Linguistic aphasiology is a field of study that focuses on the relationship between language and the brain. It particularly examines how_____.

- (A) aphasia can be regarded clinically
- (B) hearing impairment leads to language break down
- (C) the notion of critical period can be explained
- (D) by applying linguistic frame works to the study of aphasia, the field helps to clarify the complexities of language processing and offers pathways to better therapeutic interventions for those affected by aphasia

77. Match List-I and List-II and select the correct answer from the codes given below :

	List-I		List-II
P	Quasivocalic sounds	1	One word stage
Q	Consonants emerge	2	Cooing
R	Holophrases	3	Mothenese
S	Exaggerated pitch	4	Babbling

Codes:

	P	Q	R	S
(A)	2	1	4	3
(B)	3	2	4	1
(C)	1	3	2	4
(D)	2	4	1	3

78. The theory that emphasizes the role of innate biological mechanism in language acquisition is:

- (A) Behaviourist theory
- (B) Socio-cultural theory
- (C) Connectionist theory
- (D) Nativist theory

79. The design features of language are a set of characteristics that define human language and distinguish it from other forms of communication. Which of the following does not reflect the spirit of design features?

- (A) There is no inherent connection between the sounds of word and its meaning.
- (B) Language users create and understand an infinite number of new sentences.
- (C) A language always operates on two levels.
- (D) Language does not allow speakers to communicate about things that are not present in the immediate environment



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80. Given below are two statements:
Statement – I: The cognitive theory of language learning posits that language acquisition is a mental process that involves internalizing linguistic rules and patterns.
Statement – II: Learners inactively construct their understanding of a new language through exposure, practice and cognitive engagement.
 In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the codes given below:
- (A) Both Statement I and Statement II are correct
 (B) Both Statement I and Statement II are incorrect
 (C) Statement I is correct and Statement II is incorrect
 (D) Statement I is incorrect and Statement II is correct
81. First language learning, or acquiring a native language, typically occurs in early childhood and is a natural, sub-conscious process. Which one of the following is not true?
- (A) It is driven by immersion and constant exposure.
 (B) Interaction with caregivers and environment is crucial.
 (C) It may rely more on formal education translation and explicit understanding of rules.
 (D) No prior acquisition of language.
82. A language teaching method based on the use of drills and dialogues for speaking and listening is known as:
- (A) Grammar Translation method
 (B) Communicative method
 (C) Audio-lingual method
 (D) Total physical response
83. Given below are two statements:
Statement – I: The mother tongue can be a useful tool for teachers to provide feedback and correct errors more effectively.
Statement – II: The mother tongue cannot be a useful tool for teachers to provide feedback and correct errors more effectively.
 In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the codes given below:
- (A) Both Statement I and Statement II are correct
 (B) Both Statement I and Statement II are incorrect
 (C) Statement I is correct and Statement II is incorrect
 (D) Statement I is incorrect and Statement II is correct
84. The Critical Period Hypothesis (CPH) is most closely associated with :
- (A) First language acquisition
 (B) Second language acquisition
 (C) Artificial language learning
 (D) Computer language
85. Which of the following is an example of developmental error in language learning?
- (A) Overgeneralization of a general rule
 (B) Misinterpreting a cultural reference
 (C) Mispronunciation of a word due to native language influence.
 (D) Forgetting Vocabulary
86. The Scholar who introduced the concept of “Foreignization” and “Domestication” in translation is:
- (A) Lawrence Venuti
 (B) Gideon Toury
 (C) Susan Bassnett
 (D) Mona Baker



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87. John C. Catford' notion of 'Shift' refers to the changes that occur in the process of translating a text from:

- (A) one script to another
- (B) one sign system to another sign system
- (C) within the language
- (D) from the source language to the target language

	List-I		List-II
P	Target language	1	The language into which a text is translated
Q	Source language	2	The original language of the text
R	Fidelity	3	Accuracy and faithfulness of the translated text.
S	Distortion	4	Any alteration, misinterpretation from the original meaning.

88. Match List-I and List-II and select the correct answer from the codes given below:

	List-I		List-II
P	Interlingual Translation	1	Transfer from one script to another
Q	Intersemiotic Translation	2	Translation within the language
R	Intralingual Translation	3	Translation from one sign system to another
S	Transliteration	4	Translation from one language to another

Codes:

- | | | | | |
|-----|---|---|---|---|
| | P | Q | R | S |
| (A) | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| (B) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| (C) | 3 | 2 | 4 | 1 |
| (D) | 2 | 3 | 1 | 4 |

89. Match List-I and List-II and select the correct answer from the codes given below:

Codes:

- | | | | | |
|-----|---|---|---|---|
| | P | Q | R | S |
| (A) | 2 | 1 | 4 | 3 |
| (B) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| (C) | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| (D) | 3 | 2 | 1 | 4 |

90. Match List-I and List-II and select the correct answer from the codes given below:

	List-I		List-II
P	Etymological Dictionary	1	Specialized dictionary that translate words from one language to another
Q	Descriptive Dictionary	2	Historical development of the form and meaning
R	Historical Dictionary	3	Focuses on the meaning of words
S	Bilingual Dictionary	4	Traces the origin of the word

Codes:

- | | | | | |
|-----|---|---|---|---|
| | P | Q | R | S |
| (A) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| (B) | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| (C) | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 |
| (D) | 3 | 4 | 2 | 1 |



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91. What is the term used for a dictionary that provides translations between two languages?

- (A) Thesaurus
- (B) Monolingual dictionary
- (C) Glossary
- (D) Bilingual dictionary

92. Rule- Based Machine Translation (RBMT) relies on a set of linguistic rules and bilingual dictionaries to translate text. Which one of the following is not true of RBMT?

- (A) The system parses the input text to understand its grammatical structure and meanings, then applies predefined translation rules to generate the target text.
- (B) Can be highly accurate in specific domains if well-defined.
- (C) Provides insight into the translation process.
- (D) Does not require extensive linguistic knowledge and rule creation.

93. Given below are two statements, one labelled as Assertion (a) and the other labelled as Reason (r). Read the statements and choose the correct answer from the codes given below:

Assertion (a): Computational Linguistics is an inter-disciplinary field that combines computer science and linguistics to develop algorithms and models for processing and analyzing natural languages.

Reason (r): Computational Linguistics aims to create computational systems that can understand, generate and work with human language.

- (A) Both (a) and (r) are true and (r) is correct explanation of (a)
- (B) Both (a) and (r) are true but (r) is not correct explanation of (a)
- (C) (a) is true, but (r) is false
- (D) (a) is false, but (r) is true

94. Given below are two statements:

Statement – I: An unnecessary repetition of a word or idea in speech or writing is tautology.

Statement – II: Repeating something a second or third time without cause is tautology.

In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the codes given below:

- (A) Both Statement I and Statement II are correct
- (B) Both Statement I and Statement II are incorrect
- (C) Statement I is correct and Statement II is incorrect
- (D) Statement I is incorrect and Statement II is correct

95. A misplaced sound during speech specially when someone is speaking very quickly :

- (A) Heterophony
- (B) Heterotopy
- (C) Hieroglyphic
- (D) Holograph



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96. A form of persuasive communication designed to encourage an audience to take some kind of action is known as:
- (A) Advertising
(B) Drafting
(C) Communication
(D) Coding
97. Given below are two statements:
- Statement – I:** An “aberrant reading” takes place when the audience is resistant to the dominant values of the intended meaning.
- Statement – II:** The audience negotiates or resists the intended meaning.
- In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the codes given below:
- (A) Both Statement I and Statement II are correct
(B) Both Statement I and Statement II are incorrect
(C) Statement I is correct and Statement II is incorrect
(D) Statement I is incorrect and Statement II is correct
98. Produced with a single, quick touch of the tongue against the roof of the mouth:
- (A) Glides
(B) Laterals
(C) Taps and flaps
(D) Affricates
99. In some dialects of English, the change:
- berserk → beserk
particular → paticular
governor → govenor
government → goverment
- is an example of:
- (A) Assimilation
(B) Dissimilation
(C) Neutralization
(D) Schwa-deletion
100. In phonology, contrastive distribution refers to the occurrence of two or more sounds in the same phonetic environment where their substitution results in a change in meaning. Which one of the following is not true?
- (A) Crucial for identifying distinct phonemes within a language.
(B) Not applicable to suprasegmentals.
(C) If the phonetically sounds do not occur in the same environment and hence are allophones as they fall in complementary distribution.
(D) Significant concept in phonology.



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