

SBI PO Prelims 2025 Memory Based PDF (Aug 04, 2025)(Shift 2)

Directions (Q1-Q6): Cloze Test

Read the passage and fill each numbered blank (A-F) with the most appropriate option.

*The domestication of animals was one of the most **(A)** developments in the story of early human civilization. Thousands of years ago, our ancestors gradually learned to **(B)** wild creatures, turning them into reliable sources of food, labour and companionship. This shift did not happen **(C)**; it took many generations of patient effort. Domesticated animals allowed communities to settle in one place instead of **(D)** constantly in search of prey. Over time, herds of cattle, sheep and goats became a measure of wealth, and the bond between humans and animals grew **(E)**. Historians now agree that without this quiet revolution, the great cities of the ancient world could never have **(F)**.*

Q1. Which of the following words will fit in the given blank (A)?

- (a) significant
- (b) trivial
- (c) doubtful
- (d) hollow
- (e) reckless

Q2. Which of the following words will fit in the given blank (B)?

- (a) tame
- (b) frighten
- (c) ignore
- (d) release
- (e) scold

Q3. Which of the following words will fit in the given blank (C)?

- (a) overnight
- (b) carefully
- (c) rarely
- (d) loudly
- (e) softly

Q4. Which of the following words will fit in the given blank (D)?

- (a) resting
- (b) wandering
- (c) building
- (d) sleeping
- (e) hiding

Q5. Which of the following words will fit in the given blank (E)?

- (a) weaker
- (b) stronger
- (c) shorter
- (d) colder
- (e) emptier

Q6. Which of the following words will fit in the given blank (F)?

- (a) emerged
- (b) vanished
- (c) declined
- (d) collapsed
- (e) escaped

Directions (Q7-Q11): Error Detection

Find the part that contains an error. If there is no error, mark (e).

Q7. The number of students (A)/ who have applied (B)/ for the scholarship (C)/ **have increased this year. (D)**/ No error (e)

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) No error

Q8. She is one of (A)/ **the most talented singer (B)**/ that our town (C)/ has ever produced. (D)/ No error (e)

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) No error

Q9. Neither the manager (A)/ nor his assistants (B)/ **was present (C)**/ at the meeting yesterday. (D)/ No error (e)

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) No error

Q10. He has been working (A)/ in this company (B)/ **since five years (C)**/ without any break. (D)/ No error (e)

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) No error

Q11. The teacher advised the students (A)/ **to not make (B)**/ noise during (C)/ the examination. (D)/ No error (e)

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) No error

Directions (Q12-Q15): Sentence Improvement

Choose the best replacement for the underlined part. Option (e) is "No replacement required."

Q12. If I *would have known* about the delay, I would have left earlier.

- (a) had known
- (b) have known
- (c) would know
- (d) will have known
- (e) No replacement required

Q13. The committee has decided to postpone the event *due to the heavy rain*.

- (a) owing the heavy rain
- (b) because heavy rain
- (c) due to the heavy rain being
- (d) for the heavy rain
- (e) No replacement required

Q14. Hardly had I reached the station *when the train left*.

- (a) than the train left
- (b) then the train left
- (c) while the train left
- (d) that the train left
- (e) No replacement required

Q15. She could not help *but laughing* at the joke.

- (a) but laugh
- (b) but to laugh
- (c) but laughed
- (d) from laughing
- (e) No replacement required

Directions (Q16-Q23): Reading Comprehension

Read the passage and answer the questions that follow.

Small businesses are often described as the backbone of a nation's economy. Though each one may seem modest on its own, together they generate a remarkable share of employment and output. In many countries, firms with fewer than fifty workers account for more than half of all private-sector jobs.

One of the greatest contributions of small businesses is their ability to create employment quickly. Because they require relatively little capital to start, they can spring up in towns and villages where large corporations rarely venture. This helps distribute economic opportunity more evenly across a country.

Small enterprises are also engines of innovation. Free from the rigid hierarchies of giant companies, they can experiment boldly with new products and ideas. Many technologies that we now take for granted began in tiny workshops run by a handful of determined individuals.

However, small businesses face formidable obstacles. Access to affordable credit remains a persistent difficulty, and a single bad season can push an owner toward bankruptcy. Complicated regulations and delayed payments further hamper their growth, discouraging many would-be entrepreneurs.

For these reasons, governments that wish to strengthen their economies must nurture small businesses deliberately. Simplifying rules, offering easy loans and providing training can transform struggling ventures into thriving ones. In doing so, a nation invests not merely in

commerce but in the prosperity of its people.

Q16. According to the passage, why can small businesses create employment quickly?

- (a) They pay very high wages
- (b) They require relatively little capital to start
- (c) They are located only in big cities
- (d) They avoid hiring workers
- (e) They receive unlimited government funds

Q17. Which of the following is mentioned as an obstacle faced by small businesses?

- (a) Excess of skilled labour
- (b) Access to affordable credit
- (c) Too much government funding
- (d) Lack of ambition
- (e) Overproduction of goods

Q18. Why does the author call small businesses "engines of innovation"?

- (a) They own the largest factories
- (b) They copy big companies
- (c) Free from rigid hierarchies, they experiment boldly with new ideas
- (d) They never take risks
- (e) They employ only experienced staff

Q19. What does the author suggest governments should do?

- (a) Ban new small firms
- (b) Raise taxes on entrepreneurs
- (c) Ignore rural areas
- (d) Simplify rules, offer easy loans and provide training
- (e) Support only large corporations

Q20. Choose the word most similar in meaning to "**formidable**" (para 4).

- (a) daunting
- (b) simple
- (c) pleasant
- (d) minor
- (e) friendly

Q21. Choose the word most similar in meaning to "**nurture**" (para 5).

- (a) foster
- (b) neglect
- (c) abandon
- (d) destroy
- (e) ignore

Q22. Choose the word most **opposite** in meaning to "**modest**" (para 1).

- (a) grand
- (b) humble
- (c) small
- (d) simple
- (e) plain

Q23. The primary purpose of the passage is to:

- (a) criticize large corporations

- (b) highlight the importance of small businesses and advocate support for them
- (c) discourage entrepreneurship
- (d) describe banking systems in detail
- (e) narrate a personal success story

Directions (Q24-Q27): Double Fillers

Choose the pair of words that best fits both blanks.

Q24. The government announced a series of __ **to** ____ small industries during the crisis.

- (a) measures – support
- (b) cuts – destroy
- (c) delays – ignore
- (d) rules – ban
- (e) fines – help

Q25. Despite __ **efforts, the team failed to** ____ the deadline.

- (a) sincere – meet
- (b) lazy – beat
- (c) little – finish
- (d) great – miss
- (e) poor – reach

Q26. The scientist's __ **research was widely** ____ by his peers.

- (a) groundbreaking – praised
- (b) dull – admired
- (c) careless – accepted
- (d) vague – proven
- (e) weak – rewarded

Q27. The old bridge was so __ **that authorities decided to** ____ it immediately.

- (a) unsafe – close
- (b) strong – demolish
- (c) new – repair
- (d) sturdy – shut
- (e) modern – rebuild

Directions (Q28-Q30): Sentence Part Rearrangement

Arrange parts A, B, C, D to form a meaningful sentence.

Q28. (A) a healthy lifestyle (B) doctors recommend (C) to avoid many diseases (D) that everyone should follow

- (a) A B C D
- (b) B A D C
- (c) B A C D
- (d) A D B C
- (e) D A B C

Q29. (A) the young musician (B) won the national award (C) for his outstanding performance (D) last evening

- (a) A B D C
- (b) A B C D
- (c) B A C D

(d) A D B C

(e) A C B D

Q30. (A) before the storm arrived (B) the villagers moved (C) to safer places (D) with their belongings

(a) A B C D

(b) B A C D

(c) B C D A

(d) B D C A

(e) D B C A

Directions (Q31-Q35): Para-Jumble

Five sentences (A-E) form a paragraph on urban traffic congestion solutions.

- **A.** Traffic congestion has become one of the most pressing problems in modern cities.
- **B.** One effective solution is to invest heavily in reliable public transport systems.
- **C.** As populations grow, the number of vehicles on the roads rises sharply every year.
- **D.** When buses and trains are efficient, people are more willing to leave their cars at home.
- **E.** Together, such measures can gradually ease the pressure on crowded urban roads.

(Correct order: A - C - B - D - E)

Q31. Which sentence comes **FIRST**?

(a) A

(b) B

(c) C

(d) D

(e) E

Q32. Which sentence comes **SECOND**?

(a) A

(b) B

(c) C

(d) D

(e) E

Q33. Which sentence comes **THIRD**?

(a) A

(b) B

(c) C

(d) D

(e) E

Q34. Which sentence comes **FOURTH**?

(a) A

(b) B

(c) C

(d) D

(e) E

Q35. Which sentence comes **LAST**?

(a) A

- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Directions (Q36-Q38): Word Rearrangement

Rearrange the highlighted words to form a meaningful sentence, then choose the correct sequence.

Q36. He (A)the (B)won (C)race (D)easily.

- (a) A B C D
- (b) B A C D
- (c) B C A D
- (d) A D B C
- (e) C A B D

Q37. They (A)to (B)decided (C)the (D)help poor.

- (a) A B C D
- (b) B A C D
- (c) B A D C
- (d) A B D C
- (e) B D A C

Q38. We (A)must (B)our (C)protect (D)environment.

- (a) A C B D
- (b) A B C D
- (c) C A B D
- (d) A C D B
- (e) B A C D

Directions (Q39-Q40): Correct Usage of a Word

Choose the sentence in which the given confusable word is used correctly.

Q39. COUNCIL / COUNSEL

- (a) The city counsel approved the new budget.
- (b) She sought legal council before signing the deal.
- (c) The teacher gave him wise counsel about his career.
- (d) The council members counceled the mayor for hours.
- (e) None of these

Q40. DESERT / DESSERT

- (a) We had ice cream for desert after dinner.
- (b) The soldiers were ordered not to dessert their post.
- (c) After the meal, they served a delicious dessert.
- (d) The camel slowly crossed the vast dessert.
- (e) None of these

Directions (Q41-Q45): Table DI

The table shows the number of books sold (in hundreds) by five stores over three months.

Store	January	February	March

P	12	15	18
Q	20	16	24
R	14	22	12
S	25	18	17
T	16	20	24

Q41. Total number of books sold by store Q across the three months (actual number)?

- (a) 600
- (b) 6000
- (c) 60
- (d) 660
- (e) 5400

Q42. Average number of books sold in March by the five stores (actual number)?

- (a) 1800
- (b) 1900
- (c) 950
- (d) 190
- (e) 2000

Q43. Ratio of total books sold by store P to total sold by store R?

- (a) 5:6
- (b) 3:4
- (c) 15:16
- (d) 16:15
- (e) 9:8

Q44. Books sold by store T in February are what percent of T's three-month total?

- (a) 30%
- (b) 33.33%
- (c) 25%
- (d) 40%
- (e) 35%

Q45. Difference between the highest and the lowest monthly total (actual number)?

- (a) 400
- (b) 600
- (c) 800
- (d) 80
- (e) 1000

Directions (Q46-Q49): Caselet (Set Theory)

In an organisation of **180 employees**, each may know English (E), Hindi (H) or French (F).

- Only English = 40; Only Hindi = 30; Only French = 15
- English & Hindi only = 25; Hindi & French only = 10; English & French only = 20
- All three languages = 20; None of the three = 20

Q46. How many employees know exactly two languages?

- (a) 50
- (b) 55

- (c) 45
- (d) 60
- (e) 65

Q47. How many employees know English?

- (a) 100
- (b) 105
- (c) 85
- (d) 95
- (e) 110

Q48. How many employees know at least one language?

- (a) 150
- (b) 160
- (c) 180
- (d) 140
- (e) 170

Q49. How many employees know Hindi but not French?

- (a) 45
- (b) 50
- (c) 55
- (d) 60
- (e) 65

Directions (Q50-Q55): Bar Graph DI

Production (**in tonnes**) of two products X and Y by five factories.

Factory	Product X	Product Y
A	40	35
B	55	45
C	30	50
D	65	40
E	45	50

Q50. Total production (X + Y) of factory D?

- (a) 100
- (b) 105
- (c) 95
- (d) 110
- (e) 90

Q51. Average production of product X across the five factories?

- (a) 46
- (b) 47
- (c) 45
- (d) 48
- (e) 50

Q52. Difference between total production of X and total production of Y (all factories)?

- (a) 10
- (b) 15
- (c) 20
- (d) 5
- (e) 25

Q53. Ratio of product Y in factory A to product X in factory C?

- (a) 6:7
- (b) 7:6
- (c) 5:6
- (d) 7:5
- (e) 6:5

Q54. Product X of factory B is what percent more than product Y of factory B?

- (a) 20%
- (b) 22.22%
- (c) 25%
- (d) 18%
- (e) 24%

Q55. Which factory has the highest total production?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Q56-Q58: Arithmetic Word Problems

Q56. A, B and C start a business investing ₹5000, ₹6000 and ₹8000 respectively. If the total annual profit is ₹19,000, what is B's share?

- (a) 5000
- (b) 6000
- (c) 8000
- (d) 6500
- (e) 7000

Q57. Pipe A can fill a tank in 12 hours and pipe B in 18 hours. If both are opened together, how long will they take to fill the tank?

- (a) 6 h
- (b) 7.2 h
- (c) 8 h
- (d) 7.5 h
- (e) 9 h

Q58. The present ages of a father and son are in the ratio 7 : 2. After 8 years the ratio becomes 5 : 2. What is the father's present age?

- (a) 40
- (b) 42
- (c) 36
- (d) 48
- (e) 44

Directions (Q59-Q61): Quadratic Equations

Solve for x and y and choose the correct relation.

Q59. I. $x^2 - 7x + 12 = 0$ II. $y^2 - 9y + 20 = 0$

- (a) $x > y$
- (b) $x < y$
- (c) $x \geq y$
- (d) $x \leq y$
- (e) $x = y$ or no relation

Q60. I. $x^2 - 16 = 0$ II. $y^2 - 9y + 18 = 0$

- (a) $x > y$
- (b) $x < y$
- (c) $x \geq y$
- (d) $x \leq y$
- (e) $x = y$ or no relation

Q61. I. $2x^2 - 11x + 15 = 0$ II. $2y^2 - 7y + 6 = 0$

- (a) $x > y$
- (b) $x < y$
- (c) $x \geq y$
- (d) $x \leq y$
- (e) no relation

Q62-Q70: Mixed Arithmetic

Q62. A boat's speed in still water is 10 km/h and the stream's speed is 2 km/h. The boat travels 48 km downstream and 48 km upstream. Total time taken?

- (a) 8 h
- (b) 9 h
- (c) 10 h
- (d) 12 h
- (e) 11 h

Q63. Two trains of lengths 120 m and 180 m run in opposite directions at 60 km/h and 48 km/h. How long do they take to cross each other?

- (a) 8 s
- (b) 9 s
- (c) 10 s
- (d) 12 s
- (e) 15 s

Q64. Find the compound interest on ₹10,000 at 10% per annum for 2 years, compounded annually.

- (a) 2000
- (b) 2100
- (c) 2200
- (d) 1900
- (e) 2400

Q65. An article costing ₹800 is sold at a profit of 20%. Find the selling price.

- (a) 940
- (b) 960

- (c) 980
- (d) 1000
- (e) 920

Q66. The average of 5 numbers is 27. If one number, 35, is removed, what is the average of the remaining four?

- (a) 24
- (b) 25
- (c) 26
- (d) 20
- (e) 30

Q67. In an examination 40% of students failed in Maths, 30% failed in English, and 15% failed in both. What percentage passed in both subjects?

- (a) 40%
- (b) 45%
- (c) 55%
- (d) 50%
- (e) 35%

Q68. Find the area of a circle whose radius is 7 cm. (Use $\pi = 22/7$)

- (a) 144 cm²
- (b) 154 cm²
- (c) 148 cm²
- (d) 164 cm²
- (e) 150 cm²

Q69. A bag contains 4 red, 5 green and 3 blue balls. One ball is drawn at random. What is the probability that it is NOT blue?

- (a) 1/4
- (b) 1/3
- (c) 3/4
- (d) 2/3
- (e) 1/2

Q70. A vessel contains 40 litres of a mixture of milk and water in the ratio 3 : 1. If 10 litres of water is added, what is the new ratio of milk to water?

- (a) 2:3
- (b) 3:2
- (c) 4:3
- (d) 3:1
- (e) 5:3

Directions (Q71-Q75): Linear Arrangement

Nine people — Harish, Bhavna, Kunal, Farah, Gaurav, Ishan, Chetan, Jaya and Dinesh — sit in a row, all facing north.

- Gaurav sits exactly in the middle of the row.
- Harish is at the extreme left end; Dinesh is at the extreme right end.
- Bhavna sits immediately to the right of Harish.
- Kunal sits between Bhavna and Farah, with exactly one person (Kunal) between Bhavna and Farah.

- Ishan sits immediately to the right of Gaurav.
- Jaya sits immediately to the left of Dinesh.
- Chetan sits between Ishan and Jaya.

(Order left→right: Harish, Bhavna, Kunal, Farah, Gaurav, Ishan, Chetan, Jaya, Dinesh.)

Q71. Who sits exactly in the middle of the row?

- (a) Ishan
- (b) Gaurav
- (c) Farah
- (d) Chetan
- (e) Kunal

Q72. How many persons sit between Kunal and Chetan?

- (a) 2
- (b) 3
- (c) 4
- (d) 1
- (e) 5

Q73. Who sits immediately to the right of Farah?

- (a) Kunal
- (b) Ishan
- (c) Gaurav
- (d) Bhavna
- (e) Chetan

Q74. Who is third to the left of Jaya?

- (a) Farah
- (b) Ishan
- (c) Gaurav
- (d) Kunal
- (e) Chetan

Q75. Which of the following pairs are immediate neighbours?

- (a) Harish-Kunal
- (b) Farah-Gaurav
- (c) Bhavna-Farah
- (d) Ishan-Jaya
- (e) Kunal-Gaurav

Directions (Q76-Q78): Syllogisms ("Only a few" type)

Consider both conclusions true to the given statements, regardless of commonly known facts.

Q76. Statements: Only a few Pens are Books. All Books are Papers.

Conclusions: I. Some Pens are Papers. II. All Pens being Papers is a possibility.

- (a) Only I follows
- (b) Only II follows
- (c) Both I and II follow
- (d) Neither follows
- (e) Either I or II follows

Q77. Statements: Only a few Cats are Dogs. No Dog is a Cow.

Conclusions: I. Some Cats are not Cows. II. All Cows can never be Cats.

- (a) Only I follows
- (b) Only II follows
- (c) Both follow
- (d) Neither follows
- (e) Either I or II follows

Q78. Statements: All Roads are Streets. Only a few Streets are Lanes.

Conclusions: I. All Roads being Lanes is a possibility. II. Some Streets are not Roads.

- (a) Only I follows
- (b) Only II follows
- (c) Both follow
- (d) Neither follows
- (e) Either I or II follows

Q79-Q80: Letter/Word Puzzles

Q79. If all the letters of the word **KNOWLEDGE** are arranged in alphabetical order from left to right, which letter is fourth from the left?

- (a) E
- (b) K
- (c) G
- (d) L
- (e) D

Q80. If all the letters of the word **IMPORTANT** are arranged in alphabetical order, how many letters remain in the same position as in the original word?

- (a) 0
- (b) 1
- (c) 2
- (d) 3
- (e) 4

Directions (Q81-Q85): Day-Based Scheduling Puzzle

Seven people — Ravi, Sunil, Tara, Uma, Vikas, Wasim and Xena — each pursue a hobby on a different day from Monday to Sunday. The hobbies are Painting, Reading, Cooking, Dancing, Gardening, Singing and Writing.

- Vikas is scheduled on Monday, and the Monday person likes Reading.
- Ravi is on the second day of the week (Tuesday) and likes Cooking.
- Exactly three persons have their hobby between Ravi and Uma; Uma likes Singing.
- Xena's day is immediately before Sunil's; the Wednesday person likes Painting.
- Sunil likes Gardening.
- Tara's day is immediately after Sunil's, and she likes Dancing.
- Wasim is on the last day (Sunday) and likes Writing.

(Resolved schedule: Mon-Vikas-Reading, Tue-Ravi-Cooking, Wed-Xena-Painting, Thu-Sunil-Gardening, Fri-Tara-Dancing, Sat-Uma-Singing, Sun-Wasim-Writing)

Q81. Who has a hobby on Thursday?

- (a) Xena
- (b) Sunil
- (c) Tara

- (d) Uma
- (e) Ravi

Q82. What is Tara's hobby?

- (a) Cooking
- (b) Painting
- (c) Dancing
- (d) Singing
- (e) Gardening

Q83. Who likes Painting?

- (a) Vikas
- (b) Sunil
- (c) Xena
- (d) Uma
- (e) Wasim

Q84. How many persons are scheduled between Vikas and Tara?

- (a) 2
- (b) 3
- (c) 4
- (d) 1
- (e) 5

Q85. Which of the following combinations is correct?

- (a) Ravi-Reading-Monday
- (b) Sunil-Dancing-Friday
- (c) Uma-Singing-Saturday
- (d) Xena-Writing-Sunday
- (e) Vikas-Cooking-Monday

Directions (Q86-Q90): Two-Row Seating (7 + 7 facing each other)

Fourteen people sit in two rows of seven. Row 1 faces south; Row 2 faces north, so each Row-1 person faces a Row-2 person (position k of Row 1 faces position k of Row 2).

Row 1 (positions 1→7): Anil, Bhanu, Charu, Deepa, Esha, Farooq, Girish.

Row 2 (positions 1→7): Tina, Priya, Varun, Qadir, Umesh, Rohit, Sonia.

Facing pairs: Anil-Tina, Bhanu-Priya, Charu-Varun, Deepa-Qadir, Esha-Umesh, Farooq-Rohit, Girish-Sonia.

Q86. Who faces Deepa?

- (a) Varun
- (b) Qadir
- (c) Umesh
- (d) Priya
- (e) Rohit

Q87. Who sits at the extreme right of Row 1?

- (a) Farooq
- (b) Esha
- (c) Girish
- (d) Anil
- (e) Charu

Q88. How many persons sit between Bhanu and Farooq in Row 1?

- (a) 2
- (b) 3
- (c) 4
- (d) 1
- (e) 5

Q89. Who is immediately to the right of the person facing Umesh?

- (a) Deepa
- (b) Charu
- (c) Farooq
- (d) Girish
- (e) Bhanu

Q90. Which of the following pairs faces each other correctly?

- (a) Charu-Qadir
- (b) Charu-Varun
- (c) Deepa-Umesh
- (d) Esha-Rohit
- (e) Anil-Priya

Directions (Q91-Q95): Age / Year Arrangement

Seven people — Aarav, Bhavesh, Chirag, Divya, Ekta, Farhan and Gopal — were born in different years: 1972, 1975, 1980, 1985, 1988, 1990 and 1995 (ages taken as on the year 2026).

- Ekta is the eldest.
- Bhavesh is younger only than Ekta.
- Aarav is elder to Divya but younger than Bhavesh.
- Gopal is younger than Divya.
- Chirag is elder to Farhan but younger than Gopal.
- Farhan is the youngest.

(Eldest → youngest: Ekta 1972, Bhavesh 1975, Aarav 1980, Divya 1985, Gopal 1988, Chirag 1990, Farhan 1995)

Q91. Who is the eldest?

- (a) Bhavesh
- (b) Ekta
- (c) Aarav
- (d) Divya
- (e) Gopal

Q92. How many persons are younger than Divya?

- (a) 2
- (b) 3
- (c) 4
- (d) 1
- (e) 5

Q93. Gopal was born in 1988. What is his age in 2026?

- (a) 36
- (b) 38
- (c) 41

- (d) 34
- (e) 40

Q94. Who is exactly in the middle when all are arranged by age?

- (a) Aarav
- (b) Gopal
- (c) Divya
- (d) Bhavesh
- (e) Chirag

Q95. Aarav is elder to how many persons?

- (a) 3
- (b) 4
- (c) 2
- (d) 5
- (e) 1

Directions (Q96-Q100): Circular Table (8 people facing the centre)

Eight people — Naveen, Pinki, Rahul, Simran, Tarun, Usha, Vivek and Ojas — sit around a circular table facing the centre. Each has a different profession: Doctor, Engineer, Lawyer, Teacher, Architect, Banker, Chef and Pilot. (For a person facing the centre, "left" is the clockwise direction.)

- Naveen is the Doctor. Pinki (Engineer) sits immediately to the left of Naveen.
- Rahul (Lawyer) sits second to the left of Naveen.
- Simran (Teacher) sits immediately to the right of Tarun.
- Usha (Banker) sits between Tarun (Architect) and Vivek (Chef).
- Ojas (Pilot) sits immediately to the right of Naveen.
- Vivek (Chef) sits second to the right of Naveen.

(Clockwise: Naveen-Pinki-Rahul-Simran-Tarun-Usha-Vivek-Ojas, back to Naveen)

Q96. Who sits immediately to the left of the Lawyer?

- (a) Pinki
- (b) Tarun
- (c) Simran
- (d) Usha
- (e) Ojas

Q97. What is the profession of Ojas?

- (a) Banker
- (b) Chef
- (c) Architect
- (d) Pilot
- (e) Teacher

Q98. Who sits third to the right of Simran?

- (a) Tarun
- (b) Pinki
- (c) Naveen
- (d) Ojas
- (e) Vivek

Q99. How many persons sit between Pinki and Usha, counted from the left of Pinki?

- (a) 2
- (b) 3
- (c) 4
- (d) 1
- (e) 5

Q100. Which of the following pairs sits together as immediate neighbours?

- (a) Naveen-Rahul
 - (b) Pinki-Simran
 - (c) Usha-Vivek
 - (d) Tarun-Ojas
 - (e) Rahul-Usha
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