

Exam Level : SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date : 23 Sep 2025
Test Time and Shift : 12:30 PM (Shift-2)

Correct Option selected **Wrong Option selected** **Correct Option** **Not Answered**



[Click Here for PART-A](#)

[Click Here for PART-B](#)

[Click Here for PART-C](#)

[Click Here for PART-D](#)

PART-A (General Intelligence and Reasoning)

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 1](#)

- Q.No: 1 Choose the address that is the same as the one given below.
- Sample Address: Flat No. 401, Lotus Enclave, JP Nagar, Bangalore, Karnataka - 560078
- नीचे दिए गए पते के समान पता चुनें।
- नमूना पता: Flat No. 401, Lotus Enclave, JP Nagar, Bangalore, Karnataka - 560078
- Flat 401, Lotus Enclave, JP Nagar, Bengaluru, Karnataka - 560078
- Flat 401, Lotus Enclave, JP Nagar, Bengaluru, Karnataka - 560078
- Flat No. 401, Lotus Enclave, JP Nagar, Bangalore, Karnataka - 560078
- Flat No. 401, Lotus Enclave, JP Nagar, Bangalore, Karnataka - 560078
- Flat No. 401, Lotus Enclave, J.P. Nagar, Bangalore, Karnataka - 560087
- Flat No. 401, Lotus Enclave, J.P. Nagar, Bangalore, Karnataka - 560087

Flat No. 410, Lotus Enclave, JP Nagar, Bangalore, Karnataka - 560078

Flat No. 410, Lotus Enclave, JP Nagar, Bangalore, Karnataka - 560078

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 2](#)

Q.No: 2	<p>In a series of seminars held daily from 11th to 18th Feb, Calicut - 18th Feb 2022, Patna - 12th Feb 2022, Tiruchirappalli - 17th Feb 2022, Raipur - 11th Feb 2022, Rourkela - 14th Feb 2022 Jamshedpur - 13th Feb 2022, Durgapur - 15th Feb 2022, Warangal - 16th Feb 2022</p> <p>How many days after the seminar in Raipur did the seminar in Tiruchirappalli occur?</p> <p>11 से 18 फरवरी तक प्रतिदिन आयोजित सेमिनारों की श्रृंखला में, कलीकट - 18 फरवरी 2022, पटना - 12 फरवरी 2022, तिरुचिरापल्ली - 17 फरवरी 2022, रायपुर - 11 फरवरी 2022, राउरकेला - 14 फरवरी 2022 जमशेदपुर - 13 फरवरी 2022, दुर्गापुर - 15 फरवरी 2022, वारंगल - 16 फरवरी 2022 रायपुर में सेमिनार के कितने दिन बाद तिरुचिरापल्ली में सेमिनार हुआ?</p>
	6 days
	6 दिन
	5 days
	5 दिन
	4 days
	4 दिन
	7 days
	7 दिन

Not Answered

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 3](#)

Q.No: 3	<p>If $2 \times 3 = 8$, $3 \times 4 = 15$, then $4 \times 5 = ?$</p> <p>अगर $2 \times 3 = 8$, $3 \times 4 = 15$, तो $4 \times 5 = ?$</p>
	22
	22
	20
	20
	24
	24
	23
	23

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 4](#)

Q.No: 4	<p>If $1 \times 2 = 3$, $2 \times 3 = 8$, $3 \times 4 = 15$, then $4 \times 5 = ?$</p> <p>अगर $1 \times 2 = 3$, $2 \times 3 = 8$, $3 \times 4 = 15$, तो $4 \times 5 = ?$</p>
	24
	24
	20
	20
	27
	27
	19

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 5](#)

Q.No: 5 The product of two numbers is 2025, and their HCF is 15. What is their LCM?

दो संख्याओं का गुणनफल 2025 है, तथा उनका एचसीएफ 15 है। उनका एलसीएम क्या है?

135

135

225

225

105

105

1350

1350

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 6](#)

Q.No: 6 If $X + Y = 2Z$ and $Z + W = 2X$, then:

अगर $X + Y = 2Z$ और $Z + W = 2X$, तो:

$X + Z = Y + W$

$X + Z = Y + W$

$X + Z = 2W$

$X + Z = 2W$

$X + W = Y + Z$

$X + W = Y + Z$

$X + Z = 2Y$

$X + Z = 2Y$

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 7](#)

Q.No: 7 Choose the different one.

अलग वाला चुनें।

Linux

लिनक्स

Intel

इंटेल

Windows

विंडोज

macOS

मैक ओएस

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 8](#)

Q.No: 8 A train takes 45 minutes to travel 60 km. What is its speed in km/h?

एक रेलगाड़ी को 60 किमी की दूरी तय करने में 45 मिनट लगते हैं। इसकी गति किमी/घंटे में क्या है?

72 km/h

72 किमी/घंटा

75 km/h

75 किमी/घंटा

80 km/h

80 किमी/घंटा

90 km/h

90 किमी/घंटा

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 9](#)

Q.No: 9 Find the missing number: **21 : 3 :: 574 : ?**

लुप्त संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए: **21 : 3 :: 574 : ?**

76

76

80

80

82

82

84

84

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 10](#)

Q.No: 10 Which roll number has a **digital root** equal to **9**? Digital root = sum of digits until one digit remains.

किस रोल नंबर का **अंकीय मूल 9** के बराबर है? अंकीय मूल = अंकों का योग जब तक एक अंक शेष न रह जाए।

987654

987654

888888

888888

765431

765431

999999

999999

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 11](#)

Q.No: 11 From the list of roll numbers provided below, which pair belongs to the same examination centre. (i.e., has the same centre code represented by the first three digits)?

Column A	Column B	Column C	Column D
817129	907325	338379	332896
333782	902345	908325	908187
511926	184843	184320	814752
812783	482290	817131	189901

नीचे दिए गए रोल नंबरों में से कौन-से जोड़े समान परीक्षा केंद्र के हैं?
(अर्थात् जिनका केंद्र कोड — जो पहले तीन अंक होते हैं — समान हो।)

कॉलम A	कॉलम B	कॉलम C	कॉलम D
817129	907325	338379	332896
333782	902345	908325	908187
511926	184843	184320	814752
812783	482290	817131	189901

908325 and 908187

908325 और 908187

332896 and 333782

332896 और 333782

814752 and 812783

814752 और 812783

184843 and 189901

184843 और 189901

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 12](#)

Q.No: 12 Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows.

Statement:

Some humans are artists. All artists are creators.

Conclusions:

I. Some humans are creators.

II. All creators are artists.

निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और निष्कर्ष निकालें।

कथन:

कुछ मनुष्य कलाकार हैं। सभी कलाकार रचनाकार हैं।

निष्कर्ष:

I. कुछ मनुष्य रचनाकार हैं।

II. सभी रचनाकार कलाकार हैं।

Only I follows

केवल I अनुसरण करता है

Only II follows

केवल II अनुसरण करता है

Both I and II follow

I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं

Neither I nor II follows

न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 13](#)

Q.No: 13 Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows.

Statement:

Some A are B. All B are C. No C is D.

Conclusions:

I. No A is D.

II. Some B are not D.

निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और निष्कर्ष निकालें।

कथन:

कुछ A, B हैं। सभी B, C हैं। कोई C, D नहीं है।

निष्कर्ष:

I. कोई A, D नहीं है।

II. कुछ B, D नहीं हैं।

Only I follows

केवल I अनुसरण करता है

Only II follows

केवल II अनुसरण करता है

Both I and II follow

I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं

Neither I nor II follows

न तो I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 14](#)

Q.No: 14 What comes next in the series?

D, H, L, P, ?

निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में अगले स्थान पर कौन सा विकल्प आएगा?

D, H, L, P, ?

U

U

T

T

R

R

S

S

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 15](#)

Q.No: 15 From the given alternatives, find the word which can be formed from the letters used in the given word.

INTELLIGENCE

दिए गए विकल्पों में से वह शब्द ज्ञात कीजिए जो दिए गए शब्द में प्रयुक्त अक्षरों से बनाया जा सकता है।

INTELLIGENCE

Gene

Gene

Told

Told

Can
Can
Come
Come

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 16](#)

Q.No: 16 If "GANDHI" is written as "HBOEIJ", how will "NEHRU" be written?
यदि "GANDHI" को "HBOEIJ" लिखा जाता है, तो "NEHRU" को किस प्रकार लिखा जाएगा?

PGITV
PGITV
OFISV
OFISV
OFHRU
OFHRU
OFHRU
OEGRV
OEGRV

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 17](#)

Q.No: 17 What comes next?
.AF, CH, EJ, ?
निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में अगले स्थान पर कौन सा विकल्प आएगा?
.AF, CH, EJ, ?

KN
KN
IM
IM
LO
LO
GL
GL

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 18](#)

Q.No: 18 Complete the series,
5, 11, 23, 47, ?
निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला को पूरा करें।
5, 11, 23, 47, ?

94
94
96
96
97
97
95
95

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 19](#)

Q.No: 19 Find the missing number: **256 : 4096 :: 225 : ?**

लुप्त संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए: **256 : 4096 :: 225 : ?**

3375

3375

3125

3125

4225

4225

4096

4096

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 20](#)

Q.No: 20 What should come at the place of question mark? : **31, 63, 127, 255, 511, ?**

प्रश्नवाचक चिह्न के स्थान पर क्या आना चाहिए? : 31, 63, 127, 255, 511, ?

1023

1023

2095

2095

1189

1189

1267

1267

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 21](#)

Q.No: 21 **Instruction:** In a code language:

'apple banana orange' is coded as 'abc, def, ghi'

'orange grapes apple' is coded as 'ghi, jkl, abc'

'grapes banana mango' is coded as 'jkl, def, mno'

Question: What is the code for 'apple grapes banana'?

निर्देश: एक कूट भाषा में:

'apple banana orange' को 'abc, def, ghi' लिखा जाता है।

'orange grapes apple' को 'ghi, jkl, abc' लिखा जाता है।

'grapes banana mango' को 'jkl, def, mno' लिखा जाता है।

प्रश्न: 'apple grapes banana' का कूट क्या है?

aec, jim, def

aec, jim, def

adu, joy, def

adu, joy, def

abc, jkl, def

abc, jkl, def

auy, jkl, der

auy, jkl, der

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 22](#)

Q.No: 22	A shopkeeper buys an item for ₹80. If the shopkeeper wants to make a profit of 20% on the cost price, what should be the selling price of the item? एक दुकानदार एक वस्तु ₹80 में खरीदता है। यदि दुकानदार क्रय मूल्य पर 20% लाभ कमाना चाहता है, तो वस्तु का विक्रय मूल्य क्या होना चाहिए?
	₹96
	₹96
	₹100
	₹100
	₹98
	₹98
	₹102
	₹102

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 23](#)

Q.No: 23	9 people contribute Rs. 45 each. 3 leave. What amount must each pay now to keep total same? 9 लोग 45-45 रुपये का योगदान करते हैं। 3 लोग चले जाते हैं। कुल राशि समान रखने के लिए अब प्रत्येक व्यक्ति को कितनी राशि देनी होगी?
	Rs. 60
	60 रुपये
	Rs. 67.5
	67.5 रुपये
	Rs. 55.78
	55.78 रुपये
	Rs. 70
	70 रुपये

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 24](#)

Q.No: 24	1, 3, 6, 10, 15, ? 1, 3, 6, 10, 15, ?
	20
	20
	21
	21
	22
	22
	23
	23

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 25](#)

Q.No: 25	If COLD is coded as DPME, then HEAT will be coded as? यदि COLD को DPME के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है, तो HEAT को किस रूप में कोडित किया जाएगा?
	IFBU
	IFBU
	GFBT
	GFBT
	IFAT
	IFAT

Exam Level : SSC CGL Tier 1 ▾
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Correct Option selected Wrong Option selected Correct Option Not Answered

Save / Print

Undertaking by the candidate :

I acknowledge that this saved question paper is for my personal use and self-analysis only. I understand that sharing, distributing, or using it for commercial or any other purposes is strictly prohibited and may lead to legal action as per applicable acts, rules and regulations.

Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

[Click Here for PART-A](#)

[Click Here for PART-B](#)

[Click Here for PART-C](#)

[Click Here for PART-D](#)

PART-B (General Awareness)

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 26](#)

Q.No: 26 Why "Space Situational Awareness (SSA)" program by ISRO important?

इसरो द्वारा "अंतरिक्ष स्थिति जागरूकता (एसएसए)" कार्यक्रम क्यों महत्वपूर्ण है?

Racks' energy usage in orbit

कक्षा में रैक की ऊर्जा खपत

Monitors space debris and protects Indian space assets

अंतरिक्ष मलबे की निगरानी और भारतीय अंतरिक्ष परिसंपत्तियों की सुरक्षा

Observes black holes in the deep sky

गहरे आकाश में ब्लैक होल का अवलोकन

Provides satellite TV services across Asia

पूरे एशिया में सैटेलाइट टीवी सेवाएं प्रदान करता है

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 27](#)

Q.No: 27 Which country helped develop Chabahar Port?

चाबहार बंदरगाह के विकास में किस देश ने मदद की?
China
चीन
India
भारत
Russia
रूस
United States
संयुक्त राज्य अमेरिका

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 28](#)

Q.No: 28	The "Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana - Urban (PMAY-U)" aims to address the housing shortage in urban areas. Which of the following approaches is a key component of this scheme to achieve its objectives?
	"प्रधानमंत्री आवास योजना - शहरी (पीएमएवाई-यू)" का उद्देश्य शहरी क्षेत्रों में आवास की कमी को दूर करना है। निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा दृष्टिकोण अपने उद्देश्यों को प्राप्त करने के लिए इस योजना का एक प्रमुख घटक है?
	Primarily focusing on providing rental housing for migrant workers.
	मुख्य रूप से प्रवासी श्रमिकों के लिए किराये पर आवास उपलब्ध कराने पर ध्यान केंद्रित करना।
	Providing financial assistance to beneficiaries for the construction, purchase, or enhancement of affordable housing.
	किफायती आवास के निर्माण, खरीद या संवर्धन के लिए लाभार्थियों को वित्तीय सहायता प्रदान करना।
	Mandating the use of only indigenous building materials in all PMAY-U projects.
	सभी पीएमएवाई-यू परियोजनाओं में केवल स्वदेशी निर्माण सामग्री के उपयोग को अनिवार्य बनाना।
	Concentrating housing development efforts in Tier-1 and Tier-2 cities.
	टियर-1 और टियर-2 शहरों में आवास विकास प्रयासों पर ध्यान केंद्रित करना।

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 29](#)

Q.No: 29	The Jagannath Temple in Puri is an example of which style of architecture?
	पुरी का जगन्नाथ मंदिर किस वास्तुकला शैली का उदाहरण है?
	Dravidian
	द्रविड़
	Maratha
	मराठा
	Nagara (Kalinga)
	नागर (कलिंग)
	Vesara
	वेसर

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 30](#)

Q.No: 30	The Ilbert Bill controversy of 1883-84 was related to:
	1883-84 का इल्बर्ट बिल विवाद निम्नलिखित से संबंधित था:
	The imposition of new taxes on agricultural produce.
	कृषि उपज पर नए कर लगाना।
	The issue of allowing Indian judges to try European offenders in criminal cases.
	भारतीय न्यायाधीशों को आपराधिक मामलों में यूरोपीय अपराधियों पर मुकदमा चलाने की अनुमति देने का मुद्दा।
	The introduction of English as the medium of instruction in all schools.
	सभी स्कूलों में शिक्षा के माध्यम के रूप में अंग्रेजी को लागू करना।

The demarcation of boundaries between British India and princely states.

ब्रिटिश भारत और रियासतों के बीच सीमाओं का सीमांकन।

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 31](#)

Q.No: 31	Under the BSA, 2023, oral evidence must be: बीएसए, 2023 के तहत मौखिक साक्ष्य निम्नलिखित होना चाहिए:
	Direct and related to what the witness saw or heard प्रत्यक्ष और उससे संबंधित जो गवाह ने देखा या सुना
	Based on assumptions धारणाओं पर आधारित
	Only admissible if in English केवल अंग्रेजी में ही स्वीकार्य
	Hearsay only केवल अफवाह

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 32](#)

Q.No: 32	Who joined as the CEO of NITI Aayog in February 2023? फरवरी 2023 में नीति आयोग के सीईओ के रूप में किसने कार्यभार संभाला?
	Parameswaran Iyer परमेश्वरन अय्यर
	V.K. Paul वी.के. पॉल
	B.V.R. Subrahmanyam बी.वी.आर. सुब्रह्मण्यम
	Amitabh Kant अमिताभ कांत

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 33](#)

Q.No: 33	Which of the following scholars wrote the Ashtanga Sangraha? निम्नलिखित में से किस विद्वान ने अष्टांग संग्रह लिखा था?
	Charaka चरक
	Sushruta सुश्रुत
	Bhaskaracharya भास्कराचार्य
	Vagbhata वाग्भट

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 34](#)

Q.No: 34 Consider the following statements:

Statement I: The city of Chennai is popularly known as the Detroit of India.

Statement II: The city is a hub of the petrochemical industry and a leader in petrochemical product manufacturing in India.

Which of the following Statements is/are CORRECT?

निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार करें:

कथन I: चेन्नई शहर को भारत के डेट्रायट के नाम से जाना जाता है।

कथन II: यह शहर पेट्रोकेमिकल उद्योग का केंद्र है और भारत में पेट्रोकेमिकल उत्पाद निर्माण में अग्रणी है।

निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन सही है/हैं?

Both Statements are correct, and Statement II is the correct explanation for Statement I.

दोनों कथन सही हैं, और कथन II कथन I का सही स्पष्टीकरण है।

Both Statements are correct, and Statement II is not the correct explanation of Statement I.

दोनों कथन सही हैं और कथन II कथन I का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है।

Statement I is correct, but Statement II is incorrect.

कथन I सही है, लेकिन कथन II गलत है।

Statement I is incorrect, and Statement II is correct.

कथन I गलत है, और कथन II सही है।

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 35](#)

Q.No: 35 Which of these statements is/ are correct regarding the Census of India, 2011?

1. Muslims outnumber all other minorities in India, but they do not form a majority in any of the Indian states.

2. Christian population is distributed mostly in urban areas of India.

3. Jains have a major concentration in the urban areas of Rajasthan, Gujarat and Maharashtra, while the Buddhists are concentrated mostly in Maharashtra.

भारत की जनगणना, 2011 के संबंध में इनमें से कौन सा/से कथन सही है/हैं?

1. भारत में मुसलमानों की संख्या अन्य सभी अल्पसंख्यकों से ज्यादा है, लेकिन वे किसी भी भारतीय राज्य में बहुसंख्यक नहीं हैं।

2. ईसाई आबादी भारत के ज्यादातर शहरी इलाकों में वितरित है।

3. जैनो की ज्यादातर आबादी राजस्थान, गुजरात और महाराष्ट्र के शहरी इलाकों में है, जबकि बौद्ध ज्यादातर महाराष्ट्र में केंद्रित हैं।

1, and 3 only

1 और 3 केवल

3 only

केवल 3

2 and 3 only

केवल 2 और 3

1 and 2 only

केवल 1 और 2

Not Answered

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 36](#)

Q.No: 36 In Carnatic music, which type of composition is most commonly performed during a concert, focusing on a fixed melody and rhythm?

कर्नाटक संगीत में, किस प्रकार की रचना सबसे ज्यादा सामान्यतः एक संगीत समारोह के दौरान प्रस्तुत की जाती है, जो एक निश्चित राग और लय पर केन्द्रित होती है?
Varnam वर्णम
Kriti कृति
Raga Alapana राग अलापना
Tillana तिल्लान

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 37](#)

Q.No: 37	Which of the following is true about the Deogarh temple built in the early 6th century CE? छठी शताब्दी CE के प्रारम्भ में निर्मित देवगढ़ मंदिर के बारे में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन सत्य है? It follows a panchayatana layout and is an early example of Nagara style. यह पंचायतन लेआउट का अनुसरण करता है और नागर शैली का प्रारंभिक उदाहरण है। It was built by Chandela rulers and faces east like most Hindu temples. इसका निर्माण चंदेला शासकों द्वारा कराया गया था और अधिकांश हिंदू मंदिरों की तरह इसका मुख पूर्व की ओर है। Its main deity is Shiva in the form of Mahadeo. इसके मुख्य देवता महादेव रूप में शिव हैं। It is entirely rock-cut with vaulted interiors. यह पूरी तरह से चट्टानों को काटकर बनाया गया है तथा इसका अंदरूनी भाग गुंबददार है।
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[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 38](#)

Q.No: 38	Which of the following statements accurately reflects the biomechanical coordination during the throwing phase of discus throw? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन डिस्कस थ्रो के थ्रोइंग चरण के दौरान बायोमैकेनिकल समन्वय को सटीक रूप से दर्शाता है? The shoulders and trunk continue rotating till 1 minute after the discus is released to maintain momentum. गति बनाए रखने के लिए कंधे और धड़, डिस्कस छोड़ने के एक मिनट बाद तक घूमते रहते हैं। The left foot remains fixed while the right foot rotates and stays straight throughout the motion. बायां पैर स्थिर रहता है, जबकि दायां पैर घूमता है और पूरी गति के दौरान सीधा रहता है। Both knees stay straight during rotation, but the right knee bends after forward extension for balance. घुमाव के दौरान दोनों घुटने सीधे रहते हैं, लेकिन संतुलन के लिए आगे बढ़ने पर दाहिना घुटना मुड़ जाता है। The body's weight shifts entirely to the left foot while the right leg stabilizes the upper body lean. शरीर का भार पूरी तरह से बाएं पैर पर स्थानांतरित हो जाता है, जबकि दायां पैर ऊपरी शरीर को स्थिर रखता है।
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Not Answered

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 39](#)

Q.No: 39	In the traditional accounts of Vijayanagara, who were referred to as narapati or "lord of men"? विजयनगर के पारंपरिक विवरणों में किसे नरपति या "मनुष्यों का स्वामी" कहा जाता था? Mughals मुगलों Deccan Sultans डेक्कन सुल्तान Cholas
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चौल

Rayas

रायास

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 40](#)

Q.No: 40 Which describes the "bunch start" position in sprinting?

स्प्रिंटिंग में "बंच स्टार्ट" स्थिति का वर्णन कौन करेगा?

Blocks 25–30 inches from line, feet parallel

लाइन से 25-30 इंच की दूरी पर ब्लॉक, पैर समानांतर

Blocks 16–19 inches from line, rear toe and front heel aligned

लाइन से 16-19 इंच की दूरी पर ब्लॉक, पिछला पैर का अंगूठा और सामने की एड़ी संरेखित

Hips below shoulders, arms bent

कूल्हे कंधों से नीचे, भुजाएं मुड़ी हुई

Toes ahead of starting line

पैर की उंगलियाँ प्रारम्भिक रेखा से आगे

Not Answered

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 41](#)

Q.No: 41 Consider the following statements about 'The Golden Gate' by Vikram Seth:

1) The novel, written entirely in verse, was shortlisted for the Whitbread Book Award, showcasing its innovative poetic form.

2) It won the Booker Prize for its expansive narrative on Indian society and culture.

3) The book was honored with the Sahitya Akademi Award for its significant impact on Indian English poetry.

Which of the above statements is/are **correct**?

विक्रम सेठ द्वारा लिखित 'द गोल्डन गेट' के बारे में निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार कीजिए:

1) पूरी तरह से पद्य में लिखे गए इस उपन्यास को इसके अभिनव काव्यात्मक रूप को प्रदर्शित करते हुए व्हाइटब्रेड बुक पुरस्कार के लिए चुना गया था।

2) भारतीय समाज और संस्कृति पर इसके विस्तृत वर्णन के लिए इसे बुकर पुरस्कार मिला।

3) भारतीय अंग्रेजी कविता पर इसके महत्वपूर्ण प्रभाव के लिए इस पुस्तक को साहित्य अकादमी पुरस्कार से सम्मानित किया गया।

उपरोक्त में से कौन सा/से कथन सही है/हैं?

Only statement 1 is correct

केवल कथन 1 सही है

Only statement 2 is correct

केवल कथन 2 सही है

Statements 1 and 3 are correct

कथन 1 और 3 सही हैं

1, 2 and 3 all are correct

1, 2 और 3 सभी सही हैं

Not Answered

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 42](#)

Q.No: 42 Where was the 2nd Para Table Tennis National Ranking Championships 2024-25 held?

द्वितीय पैरा टेबल टेनिस राष्ट्रीय रैंकिंग चैंपियनशिप 2024-25 कहाँ आयोजित की गई?

Jaipur, Rajasthan

जयपुर, राजस्थान

Vadodara, Gujarat

वडोदरा, गुजरात

Pune, Maharashtra

पुणे, महाराष्ट्र

Indore, Madhya Pradesh

इंदौर, मध्य प्रदेश

Not Answered

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 43](#)

Q.No: 43	Which nuclear decay alters atomic number but not mass? कौन सा परमाणु क्षय परमाणु क्रमांक को बदलता है लेकिन द्रव्यमान को नहीं?
	Alpha Decay अल्फा क्षय
	Beta Decay बीटा क्षय
	Gamma Decay गामा क्षय
	Fission विखंडन

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 44](#)

Q.No: 44	Fill in the Blank: Dumhal dancers wear _____ during the performance. रिक्त स्थान भरें: दुमहाल नर्तक प्रदर्शन के दौरान _____ पहनते हैं।
	colorful robes रंगीन वस्त्र
	Masks मुखौटा
	Veils घूंघट
	Bells घंटी

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 45](#)

Q.No: 45	Why is revenue deficit a concern for the economy? राजस्व घाटा अर्थव्यवस्था के लिए चिंता का विषय क्यों है?
	It increases productive investment यह उत्पादक निवेश को बढ़ाता है
	It improves trade surplus इससे व्यापार अधिशेष में सुधार होता है
	It indicates borrowing for current spending यह वर्तमान व्यय के लिए उधार लेने का संकेत देता है
	It boosts capital creation यह पूंजी सृजन को बढ़ावा देता है

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 46](#)

Q.No: 46	The World Competitiveness Index primarily assesses a country's ability to: विश्व प्रतिस्पर्धात्मकता सूचकांक मुख्यतः किसी देश की निम्नलिखित क्षमता का आकलन करता है: Attract tourists पर्यटकों को आकर्षित करें
	Create and maintain an environment for enterprises to compete उद्यमों के लिए प्रतिस्पर्धा हेतु वातावरण बनाना और बनाए रखना
	Innovation in cultural heritage सांस्कृतिक विरासत में नवाचार
	Conserve natural resources प्राकृतिक संसाधनों का संरक्षण करें

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 47](#)

Q.No: 47	What was a key feature of the Industrial Policy Resolution of 1956? 1956 के औद्योगिक नीति प्रस्ताव की मुख्य विशेषता क्या थी?
	Full privatization पूर्ण निजीकरण
	Abolition of licensing लाइसेंसिंग का उन्मूलन
	Emphasis on small-scale industry लघु उद्योग पर जोर
	Expansion of public sector सार्वजनिक क्षेत्र का विस्तार

Not Answered

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 48](#)

Q.No: 48	Which tribal leader from Jharkhand led the 'Ulgulan' (Great Rebellion) movement against British exploitation of tribal lands? झारखंड के किस आदिवासी नेता ने आदिवासी भूमि के ब्रिटिश शोषण के खिलाफ 'उलगुलान' (महान विद्रोह) आंदोलन का नेतृत्व किया?
	Sidhu Murmu सिद्धू मुर्मू
	Kanhu Murmu कान्हू मुर्मू
	Birsa Munda बिरसा मुंडा
	Tilka Manjhi तिलका मांझी

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 49](#)

Q.No: 49	Dr. Tessy Thomas is also known as the 'Missile Woman of India'. She is best associated with which of the following achievements? डॉ. टेसी थॉमस को 'भारत की मिसाइल महिला' के नाम से भी जाना जाता है। उनका संबंध निम्नलिखित में से किस उपलब्धि से है?
	Led Agni-V project; began career at LRDE अग्नि-V परियोजना का नेतृत्व किया; LRDE से करियर की शुरुआत की
	Was Chairperson of ISRO इसरो (ISRO) की अध्यक्ष थीं

Founded a private satellite company

एक निजी उपग्रह कंपनी की स्थापना की

Headed HAL's aeronautics division

एचएएल के वैमानिकी प्रभाग का नेतृत्व किया

Not Answered

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 50](#)

Q.No: 50 Read the following statements carefully and choose the **correct** option regarding Assertion (A) and Reason (R).

Assertion (A): One objective of liberalisation was to remove barriers to entry and growth of firms.

Reason (R): The license raj restricted entrepreneurial freedom and market competition.

निम्नलिखित कथनों को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़िए और अभिकथन (A) तथा कारण (R) के संबंध में **सही** विकल्प चुनिए।

अभिकथन (A): उदारीकरण का एक उद्देश्य फर्मों के प्रवेश और विकास में आने वाली बाधाओं को दूर करना था।

कारण (R): लाइसेंस राज ने उद्यमशीलता की स्वतंत्रता और बाजार प्रतिस्पर्धा को प्रतिबंधित कर दिया।

Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.

A और R दोनों सत्य हैं और R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है।

Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.

A और R दोनों सत्य हैं लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है।

A is true but R is false.

A सत्य है लेकिन R असत्य है।

A is false but R is true.

A असत्य है लेकिन R सत्य है।

Exam Level :

Test Date : 23 Sep 2025

Test Time and Shift : 12:30 PM (Shift-2)

Correct Option selected Wrong Option selected Correct Option Not Answered

Save / Print

Undertaking by the candidate :

I acknowledge that this saved question paper is for my personal use and self-analysis only. I understand that sharing, distributing, or using it for commercial or any other purposes is strictly prohibited and may lead to legal action as per applicable acts, rules and regulations.

Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

[Click Here for PART-A](#)

[Click Here for PART-B](#)

[Click Here for PART-C](#)

[Click Here for PART-D](#)

PART-C (Quantitative Aptitude)

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 51](#)

Q.No: 51 The number of students in two sections A and B having different heights is shown in the table given below:

Height (In metres)	Section A	Section B
1.55	6	5
1.60	10	0
1.62	14	15
1.65	16	11
1.68	9	8
1.71	7	6
1.75	5	4

What is the ratio of the number of students with a height of 1.62 metres in Section A to the total number of students in Section A?

दो सेक्शन A और B में अलग-अलग ऊंचाई वाले छात्रों की संख्या नीचे दी गई तालिका में दर्शाई गई है:

ऊंचाई (मीटर में)	खंड A	खंड B
1.55	6	5
1.60	10	0
1.62	14	15
1.65	16	11
1.68	9	8
1.71	7	6
1.75	5	4

सेक्शन A में 1.62 मीटर ऊंचाई वाले छात्रों की संख्या का सेक्शन A में कुल छात्रों की संख्या से अनुपात क्या है?

14:67

14:67

14:62

14:62

1:4

1:4

7:33

7:33

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 52](#)

Q.No: 52 Solve: $\sqrt{(5 \times 196 \div 14 + 25 - 4)}$

हल करें: $\sqrt{(5 \times 196 \div 14 + 25 - 4)}$

$\sqrt{91}$

$\sqrt{91}$

$\sqrt{81}$

$\sqrt{81}$

$\sqrt{71}$

$\sqrt{71}$

$\sqrt{41}$

$\sqrt{41}$

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 53](#)

Q.No: 53 A sum amounts to ₹6,600 in 2 years and ₹7,200 in 4 years at simple interest. What is the rate of interest per annum?

एक धनराशि साधारण ब्याज पर 2 वर्ष में ₹6,600 तथा 4 वर्ष में ₹7,200 हो जाती है। प्रति वर्ष ब्याज दर क्या है?

6%

6%

8%

8%

5%

5%

9%

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 54](#)

Q.No: 54	A man reduces his speed from 20 kmph to 18 kmph. So, he takes 8 minutes more than the normal time. What is the distance traveled by him? एक आदमी अपनी गति 20 किमी प्रति घंटे से घटाकर 18 किमी प्रति घंटा कर देता है। इसलिए, उसे सामान्य समय से 8 मिनट ज्यादा लगते हैं। उसके द्वारा तय की गई दूरी कितनी है?
	20 km 20 किमी
	21 km 21 किमी
	22 km 22 किमी
	24 km 24 किमी

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 55](#)

Q.No: 55	A kite is soaring at an altitude of 75 meters above the ground, with its string temporarily secured to a point on the ground. The angle of elevation of the string relative to the ground is 30 degrees. Given that the string remains taut, what is the length of the string? एक पतंग जमीन से 75 मीटर की ऊँचाई पर उड़ रही है। पतंग की डोरी को अस्थायी रूप से जमीन पर एक बिंदु पर बाँधा गया है। डोरी और जमीन के बीच उन्नयन कोण (angle of elevation) 30° है। यदि डोरी तनली हुई है, तो डोरी की लंबाई कितनी होगी?
	75 m 75 मीटर
	$75\sqrt{3}$ m $75\sqrt{3}$ मीटर
	150 m 150 मीटर
	$150\sqrt{3}$ m $150\sqrt{3}$ मीटर

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 56](#)

Q.No: 56	A rectangular fish tank with a base of 100 cm \times 50 cm contains water up to a height of 20 cm. If 5 identical spherical stones, each with a radius of 5 cm, are dropped into the tank and fully submerged, what is the rise in the water level? 100 सेमी \times 50 सेमी के आधार वाले एक आयताकार मछली टैंक में 20 सेमी की ऊँचाई तक पानी है। यदि 5 सेमी त्रिज्या वाले 5 समान गोलाकार पत्थरों को टैंक में डालकर उन्हें पूरी तरह से डुबो दिया जाए, तो जल स्तर में कितनी वृद्धि होगी?
	$\frac{\pi}{10}$ cm $\frac{\pi}{10}$ सेमी
	$\frac{\pi}{6}$ cm $\frac{\pi}{6}$ सेमी
	$\frac{\pi}{5}$ cm $\frac{\pi}{5}$ सेमी
	$\frac{\pi}{3}$ cm $\frac{\pi}{3}$ सेमी

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 57](#)

Q.No: 57 Partners X and Y invest Rs. 60,000 and Rs. 90,000 respectively. X works for 6 months, Y for 4 months. Profit is divided based on capital * time. Find their profit ratio.

साझेदार X और Y क्रमशः ₹60,000 और ₹90,000 का निवेश करते हैं। X, 6 महीने और Y, 4 महीने काम करते हैं। लाभ को पूँजी * समय के आधार पर विभाजित किया जाता है। उनका लाभ अनुपात ज्ञात कीजिए।

2:3

2:3

1:1

1:1

3:2

3:2

4:5

4:5

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 58](#)

Q.No: 58 If the difference between the interior and exterior angles of a regular polygon is 100° , find the number of sides of the polygon.

यदि एक नियमित बहुभुज के आंतरिक और बाह्य कोणों के बीच का अंतर 100° है, तो बहुभुज की भुजाओं की संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए।

9

9

10

10

11

11

12

12

Not Answered

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 59](#)

Q.No: 59 A value is increased by 30% and then decreased by an unknown percentage to return to the original value.

What is the percentage decrease required?

किसी मान को 30% बढ़ाया जाता है और फिर मूल मान पर वापस लाने के लिए एक अज्ञात प्रतिशत घटाया जाता है।

कितने प्रतिशत की कमी ज़रूरी है?

23.08%

23.08%

26.92%

26.92%

30.26%

30.26%

20.22%

20.22%

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 60](#)

Q.No: 60 A square field has a diagonal of $\sqrt{98}$ m. What is its area?

एक वर्गाकार मैदान का विकर्ण $\sqrt{98}$ मीटर है। इसका क्षेत्रफल क्या है?

	48 m ²
	48 वर्ग मीटर
	49 m ²
	49 वर्ग मीटर
	50 m ²
	50 वर्ग मीटर
	52 m ²
	52 वर्ग मीटर

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 61](#)

Q.No: 61	A 50-liter solution contains acid and water in the ratio 3:2. How much water must be added to make the ratio 1:1? 50 लीटर के एक घोल में अम्ल और पानी का अनुपात 3:2 है। अनुपात 1:1 करने के लिए कितना पानी मिलाना होगा?
	5 L
	5 लीटर
	10 L
	10 लीटर
	15 L
	15 लीटर
	20 L
	20 लीटर

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 62](#)

Q.No: 62	If the selling price of an item is increased by 25% and the profit also increases from 20% to 30%, what is the percentage increase in the cost price? अगर किसी वस्तु का विक्रय मूल्य 25% बढ़ा दिया जाए तथा लाभ भी 20% से बढ़कर 30% हो जाए, तो क्रय मूल्य में कितने प्रतिशत की वृद्धि होगी?
	4.5%
	4.5%
	5.6%
	5.6%
	10.28%
	10.28%
	15.38%
	15.38%

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 63](#)

Q.No: 63	A group of 6 students went on a trip and spent Rs. 1200 in total. If one of them spent Rs. 300 while the rest spent equally, what was the average spending of the other 5 students? 6 छात्रों का एक समूह एक यात्रा पर गया और कुल 1200 रुपये खर्च किए। अगर उनमें से एक ने 300 रुपये खर्च किए जबकि बाकी ने बराबर खर्च किए, तो अन्य 5 छात्रों का औसत खर्च क्या था?
	Rs. 180
	180 रुपये
	Rs. 200
	200 रुपये
	Rs. 220
	220 रुपये
	Rs. 240
	240 रुपये

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 64](#)

Q.No: 64 A computer is sold at Rs. 7650 after applying a 15% discount. What was its market price?

एक कंप्यूटर को 15% छूट के बाद 7650 रुपये में बेचा गया। इसकी बाजार कीमत क्या थी?

Rs. 8500

8500 रुपये

Rs. 8800

8800 रुपये

Rs. 9000

9000 रुपये

Rs. 9500

9500 रुपये

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 65](#)

Q.No: 65 If 10 men or 15 women can complete a work in 170 days, how long will 20 men and 20 women take for completing the same work?

अगर 10 पुरुष या 15 महिलाएँ किसी कार्य को 170 दिनों में पूरा कर सकते हैं, तो 20 पुरुष और 20 महिलाएँ उसी कार्य को पूरा करने में कितना समय लेंगे?

52 days

52 दिन

50 days

50 दिन

51 days

51 दिन

53 days

53 दिन

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 66](#)

Q.No: 66 A square has a perimeter of 100 cm. What is the area of the square?

एक वर्ग का परिमाप 100 सेंटीमीटर है। वर्ग का क्षेत्रफल क्या है?

652 cm²

652 वर्ग सेंटीमीटर

892 cm²

892 वर्ग सेंटीमीटर

625 cm²

625 वर्ग सेंटीमीटर

825 cm²

825 वर्ग सेंटीमीटर

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 67](#)

Q.No: 67 A student took 7 tests and had an average of 72. If his average after 8 tests increased to 73, what was his score on the 8th test?

एक छात्र ने 7 परीक्षाएँ दीं और उसका औसत 72 था। अगर 8 परीक्षाओं के बाद उसका औसत 73 हो गया, तो 8वीं परीक्षा में उसका स्कोर क्या था?

79

79

78

78

80
80
81
81

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 68](#)

- Q.No: 68 A store announces a festive deal: "Get 30% off on purchases above Rs. 10,000, and an additional Rs. 1,000 off if the total after discount exceeds Rs. 15,000." A customer buys items worth Rs. 25,000. How much does the customer finally pay?
- एक स्टोर एक त्यौहारी ऑफर की घोषणा करता है: "10,000 रुपये से ज्यादा की खरीदारी पर 30% की छूट पाएँ, और अगर छूट के बाद कुल राशि 15,000 रुपये से ज्यादा हो, तो 1,000 रुपये की अतिरिक्त छूट पाएँ।" एक ग्राहक 25,000 रुपये की चीज़ें खरीदता है। ग्राहक को अंततः कितनी राशि चुकानी पड़ती है?
- Rs. 16,500
16,500 रुपये
Rs. 17,500
17,500 रुपये
Rs. 16,000
16,000 रुपये
Rs. 17,000
17,000 रुपये

Not Answered

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 69](#)

- Q.No: 69 A solution of 100 litres has a 60% salt concentration. How many litres of water must be added to reduce the concentration to 40%, and then how much pure salt must be added to bring the concentration back to 50%?
- 100 लीटर के एक घोल में नमक की सांद्रता 60% है। सांद्रता को 40% तक कम करने के लिए कितने लीटर पानी मिलाना होगा, और फिर सांद्रता को वापस 50% पर लाने के लिए कितना शुद्ध नमक मिलाना होगा?
- Add 50 L of water, then 30 L of salt
50 लीटर पानी और फिर 30 लीटर नमक डालें
Add 90 L of water, then 70 L of salt
90 लीटर पानी और फिर 70 लीटर नमक डालें
Add 70 L of water, then 30 L of salt
70 लीटर पानी और फिर 30 लीटर नमक डालें
Add 50 L of water, then 10 L of salt
50 लीटर पानी और फिर 10 लीटर नमक डालें

Not Answered

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 70](#)

- Q.No: 70 If $\sin A = \frac{4}{5}$ and A lies in 2nd quadrant, find the value of $(1 + \tan A)(1 - \tan A)$.
- यदि $\sin A = \frac{4}{5}$, और A दूसरे चतुर्थांश में स्थित है, तो $(1 + \tan A)(1 - \tan A)$ का मान ज्ञात कीजिए.
- $-\frac{9}{25}$
 $-\frac{9}{25}$
 $\frac{16}{25}$
 $\frac{16}{25}$
 $\frac{1}{9}$

$\frac{1}{9}$
 $-\frac{7}{9}$
 $-\frac{7}{9}$

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 71](#)

Q.No: 71 Convert 0.5 radians to degrees.

0.5 रेडियन को डिग्री में बदलें।

25.7°

25.7°

28.65°

28.65°

45.24°

45.24°

57.3°

57.3°

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 72](#)

Q.No: 72 If $\sin x = \cos(x + 20^\circ)$, then what is the value of x ?

यदि $\sin x = \cos(x + 20^\circ)$ है, तो x का मान क्या है?

35°

35°

25°

25°

18°

18°

20°

20°

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 73](#)

Q.No: 73 For a triangle with one interior angle greater than 90° , where is its Orthocenter located?

किसी त्रिभुज का एक आंतरिक कोण 90° से अधिक हो तो उसका लंबकेन्द्र कहाँ स्थित होता है?

On one of the sides of the triangle.

त्रिभुज की एक भुजा पर।

Outside the triangle.

त्रिभुज के बाहर.

Inside the triangle.

त्रिभुज के अंदर.

At one of the vertices of the triangle.

त्रिभुज के किसी एक शीर्ष पर।

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 74](#)

Q.No: 74 A chord is drawn in a circle with a radius of 15 cm. If the distance of the chord from the center is 9 cm, what is the length of the chord?

15 सेमी त्रिज्या वाले एक वृत्त में एक जीवा खींची गई है। यदि केंद्र से जीवा की दूरी 9 सेमी है, तो जीवा की लंबाई क्या है?

	12 cm
	12 सेमी
	15 cm
	15 सेमी
	24 cm
	24 सेमी
	30 cm
	30 सेमी

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 75](#)

Q.No: 75	A point P is outside a circle. The length of the tangent from P is 10 cm, and the distance from P to the center is $\sqrt{125}$ cm. What is the radius of the circle? एक बिंदु P एक वृत्त के बाहर है। P से स्पर्श रेखा की लंबाई 10 सेमी है, और P से केंद्र की दूरी $\sqrt{125}$ सेमी है। वृत्त की त्रिज्या क्या है?
	5 cm
	5 सेमी
	10 cm
	10 सेमी
	$\sqrt{5}$ cm
	$\sqrt{5}$ सेमी
	$\sqrt{15}$ cm
	$\sqrt{15}$ सेमी

Exam Level : SSC CGL Tier 1
Test Date : 23 Sep 2025
Test Time and Shift : 12:30 PM (Shift-2)

Correct Option selected Wrong Option selected Correct Option Not Answered

Save / Print

Undertaking by the candidate :

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Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

[Click Here for PART-A](#)

[Click Here for PART-B](#)

[Click Here for PART-C](#)

[Click Here for PART-D](#)

PART-D (English Comprehension)

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 76](#)

Q.No: 76	Fill in the blank with the correctly spelt word. The professor emphasized the _____ nature of literary interpretation.
	subjectif
	subjective
	subjective
	subjective

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 77](#)

Q.No: 77	Fill in the blanks with the appropriate article. In _____ absence of comprehensive data and _____ presence of conflicting anecdotal evidence, policy decisions often rest on precarious assumptions.
	an, a
	the, the
	an, the
	a, a

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 78](#)

Q.No: 78	Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: AWRY
	Straight
	Correct
	Askew
	Proper

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 79](#)

Q.No: 79	Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word. Lugubrious
	Joyous
	Mournful
	Gloomy
	Sorrowful

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 80](#)

Q.No: 80	Choose the correct meaning of idiom: Break one's duck
	Abandon a hobby
	Spoil a good start
	Achieve a first success after previous failures
	Undergo bankruptcy

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 81](#)

Q.No: 81	Choose the correct meaning of idiom: Cut me dead
	Ignored me deliberately
	Insulted me openly

Misunderstood me accidentally
Praised me sarcastically

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 82](#)

Q.No: 82 Which of these is the **correct spelling** of a critique of metaphysical assumptions?

Phenomenological

Phenomenological

Phenomenollogical

Phenomenonological

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 83](#)

Q.No: 83 Spot the **correct spelling** of verbose roundabout speech.

Circumlocution

Circumloction

Cirumlocution

Circumlucution

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 84](#)

Q.No: 84 Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: 'An inoffensive word used in place of a blunt one'.

Allusion

Euphemism

Analogy

Allegory

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 85](#)

Q.No: 85 Choose the correct **one-word substitute** for: 'A short-lived or fleeting phenomenon.'

Ephemeral

Eternal

Archetype

Chronicle

Not Answered

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 86](#)

Q.No: 86	Find the part of the sentence that contains an error: Most of the feedbacks received from senior scholars (1)/ were overwhelmingly in favour (2)/ of increasing emphasis on interdisciplinary research (3)/ as opposed to segmented evaluation models. (4)
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 87](#)

Q.No: 87	Change the following from active to passive: They will not have finalized the merger documents by midnight.
	The merger documents will not be finalized by them by midnight.
	The merger documents will not have been finalized by them by midnight.
	The merger documents have not been finalized by them by midnight.
	The merger documents would not have been finalized by them by midnight.

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 88](#)

Q.No: 88	Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word: He wore a ring with a family crest.
	The phone started to ring during the meeting.
	She showed him her engagement ring.
	A ring of fire surrounded the camp.
	They danced in a circle, forming a ring.

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 89](#)

Q.No: 89	Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure: No efforts were seen to have been made by the officials to resolve the crisis.
	It was seen that officials resolved the crisis.
	Officials were seen resolving the crisis effortfully.
	The officials seemed to have resolved the crisis.
	It was seen that the officials had made no efforts to resolve the crisis.

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 90](#)

Q.No: 90 **Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:**

The notion of inhabiting the Moon, once confined to speculative fiction and celestial folklore, is now transitioning into a plausible reality, propelled by relentless technological strides and geopolitical interests in extraterrestrial dominance. The Moon, Earth's solitary natural satellite, has metamorphosed into a strategic frontier for scientific advancement, mineral extraction, and perhaps even permanent settlement. With nations like the United States, China, and India rejuvenating their lunar missions under programs such as Artemis, Chandrayaan, and Chang'e, the ambition to establish a sustained human presence on the lunar surface no longer appears quixotic. The Artemis program, spearheaded by NASA in collaboration with international agencies, envisions a lunar base camp by the early 2030s, intended not merely for exploration but as a staging post for Mars-bound voyages. Central to this vision are technologies like the Space Launch System, lunar habitats with radiation shielding, and autonomous life-support systems capable of withstanding the Moon's harsh, desolate environment. Meanwhile, the discovery of water ice in permanently shadowed craters near the lunar south pole has galvanized the possibility of in-situ resource utilization—transforming lunar ice into potable water or fuel components like hydrogen and oxygen. Nonetheless, formidable challenges remain. The Moon's extreme temperatures, absence of a breathable atmosphere, exposure to cosmic radiation, and logistical difficulties of regular resupply missions impose substantial constraints. Moreover, the legal ambiguities surrounding lunar property rights under the 1967 Outer Space Treaty could potentially ignite geopolitical tensions as more private enterprises express interest in lunar commerce. Yet, with the confluence of public funding, private innovation, and international collaboration, humanity's long-standing aspiration to become an interplanetary species inches closer to fruition. While a fully habitable lunar colony may still be decades away, the foundational infrastructure and political will are steadily aligning, making the dream of lunar habitation not just possible—but imminent.

What does the author imply by the term "no longer appears quixotic"?

Extremely expensive

Completely fictional

Unrealistic but now attainable

Politically sensitive

Not Answered

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 91](#)

Q.No: 91 **Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:**

The notion of inhabiting the Moon, once confined to speculative fiction and celestial folklore, is now transitioning into a plausible reality, propelled by relentless technological strides and geopolitical interests in extraterrestrial dominance. The Moon, Earth's solitary natural satellite, has metamorphosed into a strategic frontier for scientific advancement, mineral extraction, and perhaps even permanent settlement. With nations like the United States, China, and India rejuvenating their lunar missions under programs such as Artemis, Chandrayaan, and Chang'e, the ambition to establish a sustained human presence on the lunar surface no longer appears quixotic. The Artemis program, spearheaded by NASA in collaboration with international agencies, envisions a lunar base camp by the early 2030s, intended not merely for exploration but as a staging post for Mars-bound voyages. Central to this vision are technologies like the Space Launch System, lunar habitats with radiation shielding, and autonomous life-support systems capable of withstanding the Moon's harsh, desolate environment. Meanwhile, the discovery of water ice in permanently shadowed craters near the lunar south pole has galvanized the possibility of in-situ resource utilization—transforming lunar ice into potable water or fuel components like hydrogen and oxygen. Nonetheless, formidable challenges remain. The Moon's extreme temperatures, absence of a breathable atmosphere, exposure to cosmic radiation, and logistical difficulties of regular resupply missions impose substantial constraints. Moreover, the legal ambiguities surrounding lunar property rights under the 1967 Outer Space Treaty could potentially ignite geopolitical tensions as more private enterprises express interest in lunar commerce. Yet, with the confluence of public funding, private innovation, and international collaboration, humanity's long-standing aspiration to become an interplanetary species inches closer to fruition. While a fully habitable lunar colony may still be decades away, the foundational infrastructure and political will are steadily aligning, making the dream of lunar habitation not just possible—but imminent.

What is the key utility of water ice on the Moon as per the paragraph?

Cooling lunar bases

Creating breathable atmosphere

Fuel and water generation

Terraforming the Moon

Not Answered

Q.No: 92	<p>Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:</p> <p>The notion of inhabiting the Moon, once confined to speculative fiction and celestial folklore, is now transitioning into a plausible reality, propelled by relentless technological strides and geopolitical interests in extraterrestrial dominance. The Moon, Earth's solitary natural satellite, has metamorphosed into a strategic frontier for scientific advancement, mineral extraction, and perhaps even permanent settlement. With nations like the United States, China, and India rejuvenating their lunar missions under programs such as Artemis, Chandrayaan, and Chang'e, the ambition to establish a sustained human presence on the lunar surface no longer appears quixotic. The Artemis program, spearheaded by NASA in collaboration with international agencies, envisions a lunar base camp by the early 2030s, intended not merely for exploration but as a staging post for Mars-bound voyages. Central to this vision are technologies like the Space Launch System, lunar habitats with radiation shielding, and autonomous life-support systems capable of withstanding the Moon's harsh, desolate environment. Meanwhile, the discovery of water ice in permanently shadowed craters near the lunar south pole has galvanized the possibility of in-situ resource utilization—transforming lunar ice into potable water or fuel components like hydrogen and oxygen. Nonetheless, formidable challenges remain. The Moon's extreme temperatures, absence of a breathable atmosphere, exposure to cosmic radiation, and logistical difficulties of regular resupply missions impose substantial constraints. Moreover, the legal ambiguities surrounding lunar property rights under the 1967 Outer Space Treaty could potentially ignite geopolitical tensions as more private enterprises express interest in lunar commerce. Yet, with the confluence of public funding, private innovation, and international collaboration, humanity's long-standing aspiration to become an interplanetary species inches closer to fruition. While a fully habitable lunar colony may still be decades away, the foundational infrastructure and political will are steadily aligning, making the dream of lunar habitation not just possible—but imminent.</p> <p>Which of the following is NOT mentioned as a challenge for lunar habitation?</p>
	Lack of breathable air
✓	High lunar taxes
	Radiation exposure
	Temperature extremes
Not Answered	

Q.No: 93	<p>Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:</p> <p>The notion of inhabiting the Moon, once confined to speculative fiction and celestial folklore, is now transitioning into a plausible reality, propelled by relentless technological strides and geopolitical interests in extraterrestrial dominance. The Moon, Earth's solitary natural satellite, has metamorphosed into a strategic frontier for scientific advancement, mineral extraction, and perhaps even permanent settlement. With nations like the United States, China, and India rejuvenating their lunar missions under programs such as Artemis, Chandrayaan, and Chang'e, the ambition to establish a sustained human presence on the lunar surface no longer appears quixotic. The Artemis program, spearheaded by NASA in collaboration with international agencies, envisions a lunar base camp by the early 2030s, intended not merely for exploration but as a staging post for Mars-bound voyages. Central to this vision are technologies like the Space Launch System, lunar habitats with radiation shielding, and autonomous life-support systems capable of withstanding the Moon's harsh, desolate environment. Meanwhile, the discovery of water ice in permanently shadowed craters near the lunar south pole has galvanized the possibility of in-situ resource utilization—transforming lunar ice into potable water or fuel components like hydrogen and oxygen. Nonetheless, formidable challenges remain. The Moon's extreme temperatures, absence of a breathable atmosphere, exposure to cosmic radiation, and logistical difficulties of regular resupply missions impose substantial constraints. Moreover, the legal ambiguities surrounding lunar property rights under the 1967 Outer Space Treaty could potentially ignite geopolitical tensions as more private enterprises express interest in lunar commerce. Yet, with the confluence of public funding, private innovation, and international collaboration, humanity's long-standing aspiration to become an interplanetary species inches closer to fruition. While a fully habitable lunar colony may still be decades away, the foundational infrastructure and political will are steadily aligning, making the dream of lunar habitation not just possible—but imminent.</p> <p>Which space program is associated with setting up a lunar base camp?</p>
	Chang'e
✓	Artemis

Chandrayaan

LunarX

Not Answered

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 94](#)

Q.No: 94 **Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage:**

The notion of inhabiting the Moon, once confined to speculative fiction and celestial folklore, is now transitioning into a plausible reality, propelled by relentless technological strides and geopolitical interests in extraterrestrial dominance. The Moon, Earth's solitary natural satellite, has metamorphosed into a strategic frontier for scientific advancement, mineral extraction, and perhaps even permanent settlement. With nations like the United States, China, and India rejuvenating their lunar missions under programs such as Artemis, Chandrayaan, and Chang'e, the ambition to establish a sustained human presence on the lunar surface no longer appears quixotic. The Artemis program, spearheaded by NASA in collaboration with international agencies, envisions a lunar base camp by the early 2030s, intended not merely for exploration but as a staging post for Mars-bound voyages. Central to this vision are technologies like the Space Launch System, lunar habitats with radiation shielding, and autonomous life-support systems capable of withstanding the Moon's harsh, desolate environment. Meanwhile, the discovery of water ice in permanently shadowed craters near the lunar south pole has galvanized the possibility of in-situ resource utilization—transforming lunar ice into potable water or fuel components like hydrogen and oxygen. Nonetheless, formidable challenges remain. The Moon's extreme temperatures, absence of a breathable atmosphere, exposure to cosmic radiation, and logistical difficulties of regular resupply missions impose substantial constraints. Moreover, the legal ambiguities surrounding lunar property rights under the 1967 Outer Space Treaty could potentially ignite geopolitical tensions as more private enterprises express interest in lunar commerce. Yet, with the confluence of public funding, private innovation, and international collaboration, humanity's long-standing aspiration to become an interplanetary species inches closer to fruition. While a fully habitable lunar colony may still be decades away, the foundational infrastructure and political will are steadily aligning, making the dream of lunar habitation not just possible—but imminent.

Why does the author mention the 1967 Outer Space Treaty?

To highlight astronaut safety

To promote global collaboration

To explain legal complications

To restrict Moon missions

Not Answered

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 95](#)

Q.No: 95 Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence:
The officer **ordered to the soldiers to march ahead**.

ordered the soldiers for marching

ordered the soldiers to march ahead

gave order the soldiers to march

ordered to soldiers to march

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 96](#)

Q.No: 96 **Select the correct option for the Direct Speech conversion of the sentence below.**

She noted that, had the literary trope not been overused, the metaphor might still have resonated with the audience.

She said, "If the literary trope was not overused, the metaphor may still resonate with the audience."

She said, "Had the literary trope not been overused, the metaphor might still have resonated with the audience."

She said, "Had the literary trope not been overused, the metaphor must still resonate with the audience."

She said, "If the literary trope had not been overused, the metaphor will still resonate with the audience."

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 97](#)

Q.No: 97 **A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech.**

The teacher said to the students, "Work hard to pass the exam."

The teacher said the students work hard.

The teacher told the students to worked hard.

The teacher advised the students to work hard to pass the exam.

The teacher asked the students that they must work hard.

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 98](#)

Q.No: 98 **Rearrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph:**

1. This requires a strong understanding of both hardware and software, as well as an appreciation for human-centered design.
2. Robotics is an interdisciplinary field of engineering and computer science that deals with the design, construction, and operation of robots.
3. The ultimate goal is to create machines that can assist humans by automating tasks that are either repetitive, hazardous, or require a level of accuracy beyond human capability.
4. The field is continuously evolving, driven by advancements in artificial intelligence and sensor technology.

2, 3, 1, 4

1, 3, 2, 4

4, 1, 2, 3

3, 1, 2, 4

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 99](#)

Q.No: 99 **Rearrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph:**

1. The most prevalent of these is the peer review process, where a manuscript is evaluated by other experts in the same field.
2. The integrity of scientific publications is upheld by a series of rigorous checks and balances.
3. The goal of this process is to validate the methodology, findings, and conclusions of the research before it is made public.
4. This external scrutiny helps to ensure that only high-quality, credible research is disseminated to the scientific community.

2, 1, 3, 4

1, 2, 3, 4

3, 4, 1, 2

4, 3, 2, 1

[Click Here to Challenge Question No.: 100](#)

Q.No: 100 **Rearrange the following sentences in correct order to make a logical passage.**

1. The first step involves identifying suitable candidates.
2. The recruitment process is vital for any organization.
3. Subsequent steps include interviews and background checks.
4. The goal is to find the best fit for the company culture.

2-3-1-4

2-4-1-3

3-4-2-1

2-1-3-4